## Phospho-p70 S6 Kinase (Thr389) (108D2) Rabbit mAb



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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

<b>Applications:</b> W, W-S	<b>Reactivity:</b> H M R Mk	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 70, 85	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P23443	Entrez-Gene Id: 6198	
Product Usage Information		<b>Application</b> Western Blotting Simple Western™		<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000 1:10 - 1:50			
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity/Sensitivity		Phospho-p70 S6 Kinase (Thr389) (108D2) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of p70 S6 kinase only when phosphorylated at Thr389. This antibody also detects p85 S6 kinase when phosphorylated at the analogous site (Thr412) and possibly S6KII phosphorylated at Thr388. This antibody may detect a nonspecific band that runs around 62 kDa in some samples. The band is not phosphatase sensitive.					
Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology		Chicken					
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr389 of human p70 S6 kinase.					
Background		p70 S6 kinase is a mitogen activated Ser/Thr protein kinase that is required for cell growth and G1 cell cycle progression (1,2). p70 S6 kinase phosphorylates the S6 protein of the 40S ribosomal subunit and is involved in translational control of 5' oligopyrimidine tract mRNAs (1). A second isoform, p85 S6 kinase, is derived from the same gene and is identical to p70 S6 kinase except for 23 extra residues at the amino terminus, which encode a nuclear localizing signal (1). Both isoforms lie on a mitogen activated signaling pathway downstream of phosphoinositide-3 kinase (PI-3K) and the target of rapamycin, FRAP/mTOR, a pathway distinct from the Ras/MAP kinase cascade (1). The activity of p70 S6 kinase is controlled by multiple phosphorylation events located within the catalytic, linker and pseudosubstrate domains (1). Phosphorylation of Thr229 in the catalytic domain and Thr389 in the linker domain are most critical for kinase function (1). Phosphorylation of Thr389, however, most closely correlates with p70 kinase activity <i>in vivo</i> (3). Prior phosphorylation of Thr389 is required for the action of phosphoinositide 3-dependent protein kinase 1 (PDK1) on Thr229 (4,5). Phosphorylation of this site is stimulated by growth factors such as insulin, EGF and FGF, as well as by serum and some G-protein-coupled receptor ligands, and is blocked by wortmannin, LY294002 (PI-3K inhibitor) and rapamycin (FRAP/mTOR inhibitor) (1,6,7). Ser411, Thr421 and Ser424 lie within a Ser-Pro-rich region located in the pseudosubstrate region (1). Phosphorylation at these sites is thought to activate p70 S6 kinase via relief of pseudosubstrate suppression (1,2). Another LY294002 and rapamycin sensitive phosphorylation site, Ser371, is an <i>in vitro</i> substrate for mTOR and correlates well with the activity of a partially rapamycin resistant mutant p70 S6 kinase (8).					
Background References		1. Pullen, N. and Thon 2. Dufner, A. and Thor 3. Weng, Q.P. et al. (19 4. Pullen, N. et al. (19 5. Alessi, D.R. et al. (19 6. Polakiewicz, R.D. et 7. Fingar, D.C. et al. (20 8. Saitoh, M. et al. (20	nas, G. (1999) Exp ( 198) J Biol Chem 273 18) Science 279, 707 198) Curr Biol 8, 69- al. (1998) J Biol Che 102) Genes Dev 16,	o Cell Res 253, 100-9. 173, 16621-9. 107-10. 19-81. Them 273, 23534-41. 6, 1472-87.			

## **Species Reactivity**

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

## Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** W: Western Blotting W-S: Simple Western™

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey

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