∞

#

Phospho-AS160 (Ser588) (D8E4) Rabbit mAb



Orders:	877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com
Support:	877-678-TECH (8324)
Web:	info@cellsignal.com cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: W, IP	Reactivity: H M	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 160	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #O60343	Entrez-Gene Id: 9882			
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation			Dilution 1:1000 1:50				
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.							
Specificity/Sen	/Sensitivity Phospho-AS160 (Ser588) (D8E4) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of AS160 protein only when phosphorylated at Ser588.			protein only when					
Species predic based on 100% homology		Rat							
Source / Purifi	cation	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser588 of human AS160 protein.							
Background		Insulin is a major hormone controlling critical energy functions, such as glucose and lipid metabolism. Insulin binds to and activates the insulin receptor (IR) tyrosine kinase, which phosphorylates and recruits adaptor proteins. The signaling pathway initiated by insulin and its receptor stimulates glucose uptake in muscle cells and adipocytes through translocation of the Glut4 glucose transporter from the cytoplasm to the plasma membrane (1). A 160 kDa substrate of the Akt Ser/Thr kinase (AS160, TBC1D4) is a Rab GTPase-activating protein that regulates insulin-stimulated Glut4 trafficking. AS160 is expressed in many tissues including brain, kidney, liver, and brown and white fat (2). Multiple Akt phosphorylation sites have been identified on AS160 <i>in vivo</i> , with five sites (Ser318, Ser570, Ser588, Thr642, and Thr751) showing increased phosphorylation following insulin treatment (2,3). Studies using recombinant AS160 demonstrate that insulin-stimulated phosphorylation of AS160 is a crucial step in Glut4 translocation (3) and is reduced in some patients with type 2 diabetes (4). The interaction of 14-3-3 regulatory proteins with AS160 phosphorylated at Thr642 is a necessary step for Glut4 translocation (5). Phosphorylation of AS160 by AMPK is involved in the regulation of contraction- stimulated Glut4 translocation (6).							
Background Re	eferences	 Watson, R.T. and Pessin, J.E. (2006) <i>Trends Biochem. Sci.</i> 31, 215-22. Kane, S. et al. (2002) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 277, 22115-8. Sano, H. et al. (2003) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 278, 14599-602. Karlsson, H.K. et al. (2005) <i>Diabetes</i> 54, 1692-7. Ramm, G. et al. (2006) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 281, 29174-80. Kramer, H.F. et al. (2006) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 281, 31478-85. 							
Species Reacti	vity	Species reactivity is de	termined by testin	g in at least one approve	ed application (e.g.,	western blot).			
Western Blot E	Buffer		or western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X n® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.						
Applications K	ey	W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation							
Cross-Reactivit	ty Key	H: Human M: Mouse							
Trademarks and Patents		Cell Signaling Technolo	Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.						
		All other trademarks a more information.	re the property of	their respective owners.	Visit cellsignal.com	/trademarks for			

Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no force or effect.

Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party, whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products or services that would compete with CST products or services, (c) not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.