

**AIM2 Antibody**

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**For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.**

Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
W	H	Endogenous	40	Rabbit	#O14862	9447
<b>Product Usage Information</b>	<b>Application</b>					<b>Dilution</b>
	Western Blotting					1:1000
<b>Storage</b>	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
<b>Specificity/Sensitivity</b>	AIM2 Antibody recognizes endogenous levels of total AIM2 protein.					
<b>Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology</b>	Monkey					
<b>Source / Purification</b>	Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Pro250 of human AIM2 protein. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.					
<b>Background</b>	Absent in melanoma 2 (AIM2) is an interferon-inducible protein containing an amino-terminal pyrin domain and carboxy-terminal HIN-200 domain that functions in innate immunity and tumor progression (1). Expression of AIM2 can inhibit cell growth and tumor formation (2,3). Furthermore, the AIM2 gene has a high frequency of mutations associated with microsatellite-unstable colorectal cancers (4). AIM2 has a critical role in the activation of caspase-1, the protease responsible for the processing of pro-inflammatory cytokines IL-1β and IL-18. Caspase-1 activation is regulated by multi-protein complexes referred to as "inflammasomes" (5,6). Distinct inflammasome complexes have been described containing NLRP1/NALP1, NLRP3/NALP3, IPAF, and AIM2. The HIN-200 domain of AIM2 is responsible for binding to cytoplasmic double-stranded DNA, resulting in caspase-1 activation. (7-9). This inflammasome complex also involves binding of the pyrin domain of AIM2 to the CARD-domain protein ASC/TMS1, which then interacts directly with caspase-1. As a result, AIM2 has been demonstrated to be an important sensor for a number of different pathogens (10-12).					
<b>Background References</b>	1. DeYoung, K.L. et al. (1997) <i>Oncogene</i> 15, 453-7. 2. Chen, I.F. et al. (2006) <i>Mol Cancer Ther</i> 5, 1-7. 3. Patsos, G. et al. (2010) <i>Int J Cancer</i> 126, 1838-49. 4. Woerner, S.M. et al. (2007) <i>Genes Chromosomes Cancer</i> 46, 1080-9. 5. Schroder, K. and Tschopp, J. (2010) <i>Cell</i> 140, 821-32. 6. Khare, S. et al. (2010) <i>Crit Rev Immunol</i> 30, 463-87. 7. Roberts, T.L. et al. (2009) <i>Science</i> 323, 1057-60. 8. Hornung, V. et al. (2009) <i>Nature</i> 458, 514-8. 9. Fernandes-Alnemri, T. et al. (2009) <i>Nature</i> 458, 509-13. 10. Jones, J.W. et al. (2010) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci USA</i> 107, 9771-6. 11. Fernandes-Alnemri, T. et al. (2010) <i>Nat Immunol</i> 11, 385-93. 12. Kim, S. et al. (2010) <i>Eur J Immunol</i> 40, 1545-51.					

<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).
<b>Western Blot Buffer</b>	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.
<b>Applications Key</b>	<b>W:</b> Western Blotting
<b>Cross-Reactivity Key</b>	<b>H:</b> Human
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