

## Di-Methyl-Histone H4 (Lys20) (D2D9P) Rabbit mAb



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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: W	<b>Reactivity:</b> H M R Mk	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 11	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P62805	Entrez-Gene Id: 8359	
Product Usage Information		<b>Application</b> Western Blotting			<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000		
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity/Sensitivity		Di-Methyl-Histone H4 (Lys20) (D2S9P) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of histone H4 protein only when di-methylated at Lys20. This antibody does not cross-react with non-methylated, monomethylated, or tri-methylated histone H4 Lys20.					
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the amino terminus of histone H4 in which Lys20 is di-methylated.					
Background		amino terminus of histone H4 in which Lys20 is di-methylated.  The nucleosome, made up of four core histone proteins (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin. Originally thought to function as a static scaffold for DNA packaging, histones have now been shown to be dynamic proteins, undergoing multiple types of post-translational modifications, including acetylation, phosphorylation, methylation, and ubiquitination (1). Histone methylation is a major determinant for the formation of active and inactive regions of the genome and is crucial for the proper programming of the genome during development (2,3). Arginine methylation of histones H3 (Arg2, 17, 26) and H4 (Arg3) promotes transcriptional activation and is mediated by a family of protein arginine methyltransferases (PRMTs), including the co-activators PRMT1 and CARM1 (PRMT4) (4). In contrast, a more diverse set of histone lysine methyltransferases has been identified, all but one of which contain a conserved catalytic SET domain originally identified in the <i>Drosophila</i> Su(var)3-9, Enhancer of zeste, and Trithorax proteins. Lysine methylation occurs primarily on histones H3 (Lys4, 9, 27, 36, 79) and H4 (Lys20) and has been implicated in both transcriptional activation and silencing (4). Methylation of these lysine residues coordinates the recruitment of chromatin modifying enzymes containing methyl-lysine binding modules such as chromodomains (HP1, PRC1), PHD fingers (BPTF, ING2), tudor domains (53BP1), and WD-40 domains (WDR5) (5-8). The discovery of histone demethylases, such as PADI4, LSD1, JMJD1, JMJD2, and JHDM1, has shown that methylation is a reversible epigenetic marker (9).					
Background References		2. Kubicek, S. et al. (20 3. Lin, W. and Dent, S. 4. Lee, D.Y. et al. (2005 5. Daniel, J.A. et al. (20 6. Shi, X. et al. (2006) 7. Wysocka, J. et al. (20 8. Wysocka, J. et al. (20	Peterson, C.L. and Laniel, M.A. (2004) <i>Curr Biol</i> 14, R546-51.  Kubicek, S. et al. (2006) <i>Ernst Schering Res Found Workshop</i> , 1-27.  Lin, W. and Dent, S.Y. (2006) <i>Curr Opin Genet Dev</i> 16, 137-42.  Lee, D.Y. et al. (2005) <i>Endocr Rev</i> 26, 147-70.  Daniel, J.A. et al. (2005) <i>Cell Cycle</i> 4, 919-26.  Shi, X. et al. (2006) <i>Nature</i> 442, 96-9.  Wysocka, J. et al. (2006) <i>Nature</i> 442, 86-90.  Wysocka, J. et al. (2005) <i>Cell</i> 121, 859-72.  Trojer, P. and Reinberg, D. (2006) <i>Cell</i> 125, 213-7.				

**Species Reactivity** 

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

**Western Blot Buffer** 

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key W: Western Blotting

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey

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