Revision 1				
PathScan [®] Phospho-IRS-2 (panTyr) Sandwich ELISA Antibody Pair		Orc	ders:	H N O L O G Y* 877-616-CELL (2355) rders@cellsignal.com
		Sup	pport:	877-678-TECH (8324)
	n iProt ID: Entrez-Gene Id: Q9Y4H2 #8660	We	b:	info@cellsignal.com cellsignal.com
L#		3 Trask Lane Danve	ers Massach	nusetts 01923 USA
For Research Use Only. Not for Use	se in Diagnostic Procedures.			
Description	CST's PathScan [®] Phospho-IRS-2 (panTyr) Sandwich ELISA Antibody Pair is offered as an economical alternative to our PathScan [®] Phospho-IRS-2 (panTyr) Sandwich ELISA Kit #7860. Capture and detection antibodies (100X stocks) and an HRP-conjugated secondary antibody (1000X stock) are supplied. Sufficient reagents are supplied for 4 x 96 well ELISAs. The IRS-2 Rabbit Capture Antibody is coated in PBS overnight in a 96 well microplate. After blocking, cell lysate is added followed by a Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse Detection Antibody and an HRP-conjugated, Anti-Mouse IgG Antibody. HRP substrate (TMB) is added for color development. The magnitude of the absorbance for this developed color is proportional to the quantity of IRS-2 phosphorylated on tyrosine.			
Reagents Not Supplied	Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS-20X) #9808 Phosphate Buffered Saline with Tween-20 (PBST-20X) #9809 Cell Lysis Buffer (10X) #9803 TMB Substrate #7004 STOP Solution #7002 Blocking Buffer: 1X PBS/0.05% Tween-20, 1% BSA 96 Well Microplates** Microplate Reader ** Antibody Pairs have been validated on Corning [®] 96 Well Clear Polystyrene High Bind Stripwell [™] Microplates (#2592) and Corning [®] 96 Well EIA/RIA Easy Wash [™] Clear Flat Bottom Polystyrene High Bind Microplates (#3369).			
Background	Insulin Receptor Substrate 2 (IRS-2) is one of the major substrates of the insulin receptor kinase (1). In vertebrates, IRS-2 functions as a scaffolding protein to coordinate separate branches of the Insulin/IGF-signaling cascades (2). IRS-2 is essential for normal nutrient homeostasis because it mediates both peripheral insulin action and the effect of IGF-1 on B-cell growth. Mice lacking IRS-2 fail to maintain sufficient compensatory insulin secretion and develop diabetes as young adults (3).			
Background References	1. Sun, X.J. et al. (1991) <i>Nature</i> 352, 73- 2. White, M.F. (2002) <i>Am. J. Physiol. End</i> 3. Withers, D.J. et al. (1998) <i>Nature</i> 391	<i>docrinol. Metab.</i> 283, E413-E422	2.	
Trademarks and Patents	Cell Signaling Technology is a tradema	ark of Cell Signaling Technology	. Inc.	
	PathScan is a registered trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.			
	All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit cellsignal.com/trademarks for more information.			
Limited Uses	Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no force or effect.			
	Products are labeled with For Research approved, cleared, or licensed by the F purpose. Customer shall not use any P any manner that conflicts with its label Customer as the end-user and solely for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic component) or other commercial purp sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise whether alone or in combination with commercial products, (b) not copy, mo attempt to discover the underlying stru purpose of developing any products of pot alter or remove from the Products.	DA or other regulatory foreign Product for any diagnostic or the ling statement. Products sold of or research and development ut purposes, or any purchase of transfer or make available any other materials, or use the Pro- odify, reverse engineer, decompi ucture or technology of the Pro- r services that would competer	or domestic of herapeutic pur or licensed by uses. Any use Product for re e from CST. Co / Product to an iducts to man bile, disassemb oducts, or use with CST prod	entity, for any rpose, or otherwise in CST are provided for of Product for esale (alone or as a ustomer shall (a) not ny third party, ufacture any ble or otherwise the Products for the ducts or services, (c)

or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.

not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices

Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355) • orders@cellsignal.com • Support: 877-678-TECH (8324) • info@cellsignal.com • Web: cellsignal.com For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

#7861 PathScan[®] Phospho-IRS-2 (panTyr) Sandwich ELISA Antibody Pair



ELISA Antibody Pair

A. Solutions and Reagents

NOTE: Prepare solutions with reverse osmosis deionized (RODI) or equivalent grade water.

- 1. 20X Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS): (#9808) To prepare 1 L 1X PBS: add 50 ml 20X PBS to 950 ml dH₂O, mix.
- 2. Wash Buffer: 1X PBS/0.05% Tween[®] 20, (20X PBST #9809).
- 3. Blocking Buffer: 1X PBS/0.05% Tween[®] 20, 1% BSA.
- 4. **1X Cell Lysis Buffer**: 10X Cell Lysis Buffer (#9803): To prepare 10 ml of 1X Cell Lysis Buffer, add 1 ml of 10X Cell Lysis Buffer to 9 ml of dH₂O, mix. Buffer can be stored at 4°C for short-term use (1–2 weeks).

Recommended: Add 1 mM phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) (#8553) immediately before use.

- 5. Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA): (#9998).
- 6. TMB Substrate: (#7004).
- 7. STOP Solution: (#7002)

NOTE: Reagents should be made fresh daily.

B. Preparing Cell Lysates

For adherent cells

- 1. Aspirate media when the culture reaches 80–90% confluence. Treat cells by adding fresh media containing regulator for desired time.
- 2. Remove media and rinse cells once with ice-cold 1X PBS.
- 3. Remove PBS and add 0.5 ml ice-cold 1X Cell Lysis Buffer plus 1 mM PMSF to each plate (10 cm diameter) and incubate the plate on ice for 5 min.
- 4. Scrape cells off the plate and transfer to an appropriate tube. Keep on ice.
- 5. Sonicate lysates on ice.
- 6. Microcentrifuge for 10 min (x14,000 rpm) at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to a new tube. The supernatant is the cell lysate. Store at -80°C in single-use aliquots.

For suspension cells

- 1. Remove media by low speed centrifugation (\sim 1,200 rpm) when the culture reaches 0.5–1.0 x 10⁶ viable cells/ml. Treat cells by adding fresh media containing regulator for desired time.
- 2. Collect cells by low speed centrifugation (~1,200 rpm) and wash once with 5-10 ml ice-cold 1X PBS.
- 3. Cells harvested from 50 ml of growth media can be lysed in 2.0 ml of 1X cell lysis buffer plus 1 mM PMSF.
- 4. Sonicate lysates on ice.
- 5. Microcentrifuge for 10 min (x14,000 rpm) at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to a new tube. The supernatant is the cell lysate. Store at -80°C in single-use aliquots.

C. Coating Procedure

- 1. Rinse microplate with 200 μ l of dH₂O, discard liquid. Blot on paper towel to make sure wells are dry.
- Dilute capture antibody 1:100 in 1X PBS. For a single 96 well plate, add 100 μl of capture antibody stock to 9.9 ml 1X PBS. Mix well and add 100 μl/well. Cover plate and incubate overnight at 4°C (17–20 hr).

3. After overnight coating, gently uncover plate and wash wells:

- 1. Discard plate contents into a receptacle.
- 2. Wash four times with wash buffer, 200 μ l each time per well. For each wash, strike plates on fresh paper towels hard enough to remove the residual solution in each well, but do not allow wells to completely dry at any time.
- 3. Clean the underside of all wells with a lint-free tissue.
- 4. Block plates. Add 150 μl of blocking buffer/well, cover plate, and incubate at 37°C for 2 hr.
- 5. After blocking, wash plate (Section C, Step 3). Plate is ready to use.

D. Test Procedure

- 1. Lysates can be used undiluted or diluted in blocking buffer. 100 μ l of lysate is added per well. Cover plate and incubate at 37°C for 2 hr.
- 2. Wash plate (Section C, Step 3).
- 3. Dilute detection antibody 1:100 in blocking buffer. For a single 96 well plate, add 100 μ l of detection antibody Stock to 9.9 ml of blocking buffer. Mix well and add 100 μ l/well. Cover plate and incubate at 37°C for 1 hr.
- 4. Wash plate (Section C, Step 3).
- 5. Secondary antibody, either streptavidin anti-mouse or anti-rabbit-HRP, is diluted 1:1000 in blocking buffer. For a single 96 well plate, add 10 µl of secondary antibody stock to 9.99 ml of blocking buffer. Mix well and add 100 µl/well. Cover and incubate at 37°C for 30 min.
- 6. Wash plate (Section C, Step 3).
- 7. Add 100 μl of TMB substrate per well. Cover and incubate at 37°C for 10 min.
- 8. Add 100 µl of STOP solution per well. Shake gently for a few seconds.
- 9. Read plate on a microplate reader at absorbance 450 nm.
 - 1. Visual Determination: Read within 30 min after adding STOP solution.
 - 2. **Spectrophotometric Determination**: Wipe underside of wells with a lint-free tissue. Read absorbance at 450 nm within 30 min after adding STOP solution.

posted January 2008

revised Sepetember 2013

Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355) • orders@cellsignal.com • Support: 877-678-TECH (8324) • info@cellsignal.com • Web: cellsignal.com For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.