## **TAOK1 Kinase**

✓ 5 micrograms



**Orders** 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

**Support** 877-678-TECH (8324)

info@cellsignal.com

Web www.cellsignal.com

New 03/08

This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.

Description: Purified recombinant human TAOK1 (Met1-Lys314) kinase, supplied as a GST fusion protein.

Background: TAOKs (thousand-and-one amino acids kinases) are serine/threonine kinases belonging to the Sterile-20 (STE20) protein kinase family. Three different TAOK isoforms have been identified to date: TAOK1, TAOK2, and TAOK3 (1-3). TAOKs play different roles upstream of mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) in signaling pathways. TAOKs behave as MEK kinases (MEKKs) in activating MAP/ extracellular signal-regulated protein kinase kinase (MEKs) in vitro, resulting in activation of the p38 stress-sensitive pathway but not the SAPK/JNK or ERK pathways (4). Recent evidence suggests that TAOKs regulate the p38-mediated responses to DNA damage and serve as intermediates in the activation of p38 by the ATM kinase (5).

Source/Purification: The GST-Kinase fusion protein was produced using a baculovirus expression system with a construct expressing human TAOK1 (Met1-Lys314) (GenBank Accession No. NM 020791) with an amino-terminal GST tag. The protein was purified by one-step affinity chromatography using glutathione-agarose.

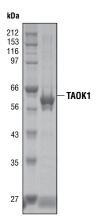


Figure 1. The purity of the TAOK1 protein was analyzed using SDS/PAGE followed by Coomassie stain.

Quality Control: The theoretical molecular weight of the GST-TAOK1 protein is 63 kDa. The purified kinase was quality controlled for purity using SDS-PAGE followed by Coomassie stain [Fig.1]. TAOK1 kinase activity was determined using a radiometric assay [Fig.2].

#### **Background References:**

- (1) Hutchison, M. et al. (1998) J Biol Chem 273, 28625-32.
- (2) Chen, Z. et al. (1999) J Biol Chem 274, 28803-7.
- (3) Tassi, E. et al. (1999) J Biol Chem 274, 33287-95.
- (4) Yustein, J.T. et al. (2003) Oncogene 22, 6129-41.
- (5) Raman, M. et al. (2007) EMBO J 26, 2005-14.

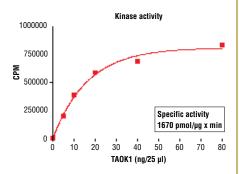


Figure 2. TAOK1 kinase activity was measured in a radiometric assay using the following reaction conditions: 5 mM MOPS, pH 7.2, 2.5 mM β-glycerophosphate, 1 mM EGTA, 0.4 mM EDTA, 5 mM MgCl<sub>a</sub>, 0.05 mM DTT, 50 μM ATP, Substrate: MBP 200 ng/µl, and variable amounts of recombinant TAOK1.

**Storage:** Enzyme is supplied in 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5; 150 mM NaCl, 0.25 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EGTA, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.1 mM PMSF, 25% glycerol, 7 mM glutathione.

Store at -80°C.

Keep on ice during use.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Companion Products:**

Kinase Buffer (10X) #9802

ATP (10 mM) #9804

Staurosporine #9953

Serine/Threonine Kinase Substrate Screening Kit #7400



# **Protocol for TAOK1 Kinase Assay**

**Note:** Lot-specific information for this kinase is provided on the enzyme vial. Optimal assay incubation times and enzyme concentrations must be determined empirically for each lot of kinase under specified conditions.

## A Additional Solutions and Reagents (Not included)

## 1. Kinase Buffer (5X)

25 mM MOPS, pH 7.2  $12.5 \text{ mM } \beta\text{-glycerophosphate}$  5 mM EGTA 2 mM EDTA  $25 \text{ mM MgC1}_2$  0.25 mM DTT

- 2. ATP (10 mM) #9804
- **3**. <sup>32</sup>P-γATP
- **4.** MBP (0.5 μg/μl)

### B Suggested Protocol

- 1. Dilute 10 mM ATP with 3X assay buffer by 1:40 to make 250 µM ATP.
- **2.** Dilute [ $^{32}$ P] ATP to 0.16  $\mu$ Ci/ $\mu$ l [ $^{32}$ P] ATP with 250  $\mu$ M ATP solution.
- 3. Transfer enzyme from -80°C to ice. Allow enzyme to thaw on ice
- Dilute TAOK1 protein (100 ng/µl concentration) to 10 ng/µl with 1X assay buffer followed by 2-fold serial dilutions.
- To start the reaction combine 10 μl diluted TAOK1 kinase solution, 10 μl MBP (0.5 μg/μl), and 5 μl 0.16 μCi/μl [<sup>32</sup>P] ATP solution.

#### **Final Assay Conditions**

5 mM MOPS, pH 7.2 2.5 mM β-glycerophosphate 1 mM EGTA 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> 0.05 mM DTT 50 μM ATP 200 ng/μL MBP

- After 15 minutes terminate reaction by spotting 20 µl of the reaction mixture onto phosphocellulose P81 paper.
- 7. Air dry the P81 paper then wash with 1% phosphoric acid 3 times.
- 8. Transfer P81 paper to 4 ml scintillation tube then add 3 ml scintillation cocktail.
- 9. Count samples in a scintillation counter.

Cell Signaling Technology offers a full line of protein kinases, substrates, and antibody detection reagents for high throughput screening. Please direct all inquiries to: drugdiscovery@cellsignal.com.