#6433

SignalSilence® ATF-2 siRNA I

🗹 10 μM in 300 μl (100 transfections)

rev. 02/10/16



Species Cross-Reactivity: H, (M)

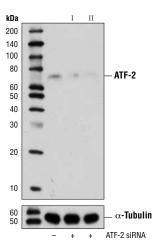
Description: SignalSilence® ATF-2 siRNA I from Cell Signaling Technology (CST) allows the researcher to specifically inhibit ATF-2 expression using RNA interference, a method whereby gene expression can be selectively silenced through the delivery of double stranded RNA molecules into the cell. All SignalSilence® siRNA products from CST are rigorously tested in-house and have been shown to reduce target protein expression by western analysis.

Background: The transcription factor ATF-2 (also called CRE-BP1) binds to both AP-1 and CRE DNA response elements and is a member of the ATF/CREB family of leucine zipper proteins (1). ATF-2 interacts with a variety of viral oncoproteins and cellular tumor suppressors and is a target of the SAPK/JNK and p38 MAP kinase signaling pathways (2-4). Various forms of cellular stress, including genotoxic agents, inflammatory cytokines, and UV irradiation, stimulate the transcriptional activity of ATF-2. Cellular stress activates ATF-2 by phosphorylation of Thr69 and Thr71 (2-4). Both SAPK and p38 MAPK have been shown to phosphorylate ATF-2 at these sites *in vitro* and in cells transfected with ATF-2. Mutations of these sites result in the loss of stress-induced transcription by ATF-2 (2-4). In addition, mutations at these sites reduce the ability of E1A and Rb to stimulate gene expression via ATF-2 (2).

Specificity/Sensitivity: SignalSilence® ATF-2 siRNA I will inhibit human and mouse ATF-2 expression.

Directions for Use: CST recommends transfection with 100 nM ATF-2 siRNA I 48 to 72 hours prior to cell lysis. For transfection procedure, follow protocol provided by the transfection reagent manufacturer. Please feel free to contact CST with any questions on use.

Quality Control: Oligonucleotide synthesis is monitored base by base through trityl analysis to ensure appropriate coupling efficiency. The oligo is subsequently purified by affinity-solid phase extraction. The annealed RNA duplex is further analyzed by mass spectrometry to verify the exact composition of the duplex. Each lot is compared to the previous lot by mass spectrometry to ensure maximum lot-to-lot consistency.



Western blot analysis of extracts from ACHN cells, transfected with 100 nM SignalSilence[®] Control siRNA (Unconjugated) #6568 (-), SignalSilence® ATF-2 siRNA I (+) or SignalSilence® ATF-2 siRNA II #6443 (+), using ATF-2 (20F1) Rabbit mAb #9226 (upper) or α-Tubulin (11H10) Rabbit mAb #2125 (lower). The ATF-2 (20F1) Rabbit mAb confirms silencing of ATF-2 expression, while the α -Tubulin (11H10) Rabbit mAb is used as a loading control.

Entrez-Gene ID #1386 Swiss-Prot Acc. #P15336

Storage: ATF-2 siRNA I is supplied in RNAse-free water. Aliquot and store at -20°C.

Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended companion products.

Background References:

(1) Abdel-Hafiz, H.A. et al. (1992) Mol. Endocrinol. 6, 2079-2089.

(2) Gupta, S. et al. (1995) Science 267, 389-393.

Cell Signaling

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- (3) van Dam, H. et al. (1995) EMBO J. 14, 1798-1811.
- (4) Livingstone, C. et al. (1995) EMBO J. 14, 1785-1797.

Applications Kev: W-Western IP-Immunoprecipitation IHC-Immunohistochemistry ChIP-Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF-Immunofluorescence F-Flow cytometry E-P-ELISA-Peptide Species Cross-Reactivity Kev: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkev Mi-mink C-chicken Dm-D. melanogaster X-Xenopus Z-zebrafish B-bovine Dg—dog Pg—pig Sc—S. cerevisiae Ce—C. elegans Hr—Horse All—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.