6224

SignalSilence[®] Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 siRNA I

 10 μM in 300 μl (100 transfections) Cell Signaling

 Orders

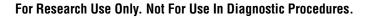
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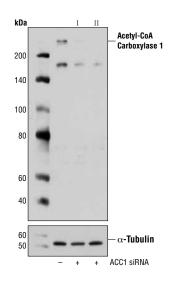
Species Cross-Reactivity: H

Description: SignalSilence[®] Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 siRNA I from Cell Signaling Technology (CST) allows the researcher to specifically inhibit Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 expression using RNA interference, a method whereby gene expression can be selectively silenced through the delivery of double stranded RNA molecules into the cell. All SignalSilence[®] siRNA products from CST are rigorously tested in-house and have been shown to reduce protein expression by western analysis.

Background: Acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) catalyzes the pivotal step of the fatty acid synthesis pathway. The 265 kDa ACC α (ACC1) is the predominant isoform found in liver, adipocytes, and mammary gland, while the 280 kDa ACC β (ACC2) is the major isoform in skeletal muscle and heart (1). Phosphorylation by AMPK at Ser79 or by PKA at Ser1200 inhibits the enzymatic activity of ACC (2). ACC is a potential target of anti-obesity drugs (3,4).

Directions for Use: CST recommends transfecting with 100 nM Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 siRNA I 48 to 72 hours prior to cell lysis. For transfection procedure, follow protocol provided by the transfection reagent manufacturer. Please feel free to contact CST with any questions on use.

Quality Control: Oligonucleotide synthesis is monitored base by base through trityl analysis to ensure appropriate coupling efficiency. The oligo is subsequently purified by affinity-solid phase extraction. The annealed RNA duplex is further analyzed by mass spectrometry to verify the exact composition of the duplex. Each lot is compared to the previous lot by mass spectrometry to ensure maximum lot-to-lot consistency.



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Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells, transfected with 100 nM SignalSilence® Control siRNA (Unconjugated) #6668 (-), SignalSilence® Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 siRNA I (+) or SignalSilence® Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 siRNA II #6237 (+), using Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 Antibody #4190 and α -Tubulin (11H10) Rabbit mAb #2125. The Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 expression while the α -Tubulin (11H10) Rabbit mAb is used as a loading control.

Entrez-Gene ID #31 Swiss-Prot Acc. #Q13085

Storage: Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase 1 siRNA I is supplied in RNAse-free water. *Aliquot and store at -20°C*.

Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended companion products.

Background References:

(1) Ruderman, N.B. et al. (1999) Am. J. Physiol. 276, E1-E18.

(2) Ha, J. et al. (1994) J. Biol. Chem. 269, 22162-22168.

(3) Abu-Elheiga, L. et al. (2001) Science 291, 2613-2616.

(4) Levert, K.L. et al. (2002) J. Biol. Chem. 277, 16347-16350.

Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry ChIP—Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF—Immunofluorescence F—Flow cytometry E-P—ELISA-Peptide Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken Dm—D. melanogaster X—Xenopus Z—zebrafish B—bovine Dg—dog Pg—nig Sc—S. cerevisiae Ce—C. elegans Hr—Horse AII—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.