## Bim (C34C5) Rabbit mAb (Biotinylated)



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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: W	Reactivity: H M R	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 12, 15, 23	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit IgG	<b>UniProt ID:</b> #O43521	Entrez-Gene Id 10018
Product Usage Information		<b>Application</b> Western Blotting			<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000	
Storage		Supplied in 140 mM NaCl, 3 mM KCI, 10 mM sodium phosphate (pH 7.4) dibasic, 2 mM potassium phosphate monobasic, 2 mg/mL BSA, and 50% glycerol. Store at –20°C. <i>Do not aliquot the antibody.</i>				
Specificity/Sensitivity		Bim (C34C5) Rabbit mAb (Biotinylated) detects endogenous levels of total Bim (EL, L, and S isoforms) protein.				
Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology		Monkey, Bovine, Dog,	Pig			
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Pro25 of Bim protein.				
Description		This Cell Signaling Technology antibody is conjugated to biotin under optimal conditions. The biotinylated antibody is expected to exhibit the same species cross-reactivity as the unconjugated Bim (C34C5) Rabbit mAb #2933.				
Background		Bim/Bod is a pro-apoptotic protein belonging to the BH3-only group of Bcl-2 family members including Bad, Bid, Bik, Hrk, and Noxa that contain a BH3 domain but lack other conserved BH1 or BH2 domains (1,2). Bim induces apoptosis by binding to and antagonizing anti-apoptotic members of the Bcl-2 family. Interactions have been observed with Bcl-2, Bcl-xL, Mcl-1, Bcl-w, Bfl-1, and BHRF-1 (1,2). Bim functions in regulating apoptosis associated with thymocyte negative selection and following growth factor withdrawal, during which Bim expression is elevated (3-6). Three major isoforms of Bim are generated by alternative splicing: Bim <sub>EL</sub> , Bim <sub>L</sub> , and Bim <sub>S</sub> (1). The shortest form, Bim <sub>S</sub> , is the most cytotoxic and is generally only transiently expressed during apoptosis. The Bim <sub>EL</sub> and Bim <sub>L</sub> isoforms may be sequestered to the dynein motor complex through an interaction with the dynein light chain and released from this complex during apoptosis (7). Apoptotic activity of these longer isoforms may be regulated by phosphorylation (8,9). Environmental stress triggers Bim phosphorylation by JNK and results in its dissociation from the dynein complex and increased apoptotic activity.				
Background Re	ferences	1. O'Connor, L. et al. (1998) <i>EMBO J</i> 17, 384-95. 2. Hsu, S.Y. et al. (1998) <i>Mol Endocrinol</i> 12, 1432-40. 3. Bouillet, P. et al. (2002) <i>Nature</i> 415, 922-6. 4. Whitfield, J. et al. (2001) <i>Neuron</i> 29, 629-43. 5. Dijkers, P.F. et al. (2000) <i>Curr Biol</i> 10, 1201-4. 6. Ley, R. et al. (2003) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 278, 18811-6. 7. Puthalakath, H. et al. (1999) <i>Mol Cell</i> 3, 287-96. 8. Lei, K. and Davis, R.J. (2003) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A</i> 100, 2432-7. 9. Putcha, G.V. et al. (2003) <i>Neuron</i> 38, 899-914.				
Species Reactiv	itv	Species reactivity is de	etermined by testin	g in at least one approve	ed application (e.g.,	western blot).

Species Reactivity

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**Western Blot Buffer** 

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key W: Western Blotting

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat

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