

Phospho-YAP (Ser109) (E5I9G) Rabbit mAb



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Applications: W, IP	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 65-78	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P46937	Entrez-Gene Id: 10413
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation			Dilution 1:1000 1:50	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		Phospho-YAP (Ser109) (E5I9G) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of YAP protein only when phosphorylated at Ser109. Based on sequence similarity, the antibody may recognize TAZ protein when phosphorylated at Ser66.				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser109 of human YAP protein.				
Background		YAP (Yes-associated protein, YAP65) was first identified based on its ability to associate with the SH3 domain of Yes. It also binds to other SH3 domain-containing proteins such as Nck, Crk, Src, and Abl (1). In addition to the SH3 binding motif, YAP contains a PDZ interaction motif, a coiled-coil domain, and WW domains (2-4). While initial studies of YAP all pointed towards a role in anchoring and targeting to specific subcellular compartments, subsequent studies showed that YAP is a transcriptional coactivator by virtue of its WW domain interacting with the PY motif (PPxY) of the transcription factor PEBP2 and other transcription factors (5). In its capacity as a transcriptional co-activator, YAP is now widely recognized as a central mediator of the Hippo Pathway, which plays a fundamental and widely conserved role in regulating tissue growth and organ size (6-8). Phosphorylation at multiple sites (e.g., Ser109, Ser127) by LATS kinases promotes YAP translocation from the nucleus to the cytoplasm, where it is sequestered through association with 14-3-3 proteins (7-9). These LATS-driven phosphorylation events serve to prime YAP for subsequent phosphorylation by CK1δ/ε in an adjacent phosphodegron, triggering proteasomal degradation of YAP (10).				
Background References		1. Sudol, M. (1994) <i>Oncogene</i> 9, 2145-52. 2. Mohler, P.J. et al. (1999) <i>J Cell Biol</i> 147, 879-90. 3. Espanel, X. and Sudol, M. (2001) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 276, 14514-23. 4. Sudol, M. et al. (1995) <i>FEBS Lett</i> 369, 67-71. 5. Yagi, R. et al. (1999) <i>EMBO J</i> 18, 2551-62. 6. Dong, J. et al. (2007) <i>Cell</i> 130, 1120-33. 7. Zhao, B. et al. (2010) <i>Genes Dev</i> 24, 862-74. 8. Zhao, B. et al. (2007) <i>Genes Dev</i> 21, 2747-61. 9. Yu, F.X. et al. (2012) <i>Cell</i> 150, 780-91. 10. Zhao, B. et al. (2010) <i>Genes Dev</i> 24, 72-85.				

Species Reactivity Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat

dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey

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