

**Phospho-Histone H3 (Ser10) (D7N8E) XP[®]
Rabbit mAb****Orders:** 877-616-CELL (2355)
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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: W, IP, IHC-Bond, IHC-P, IF-IC, FC-FP, ChIP	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 17	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P68431	Entrez-Gene Id: 8350
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**Product Usage
Information**

For optimal ChIP results, use 10 µl of antibody and 10 µg of chromatin (approximately 4 x 10⁶ cells) per IP. This antibody has been validated using SimpleChIP[®] Enzymatic Chromatin IP Kits.

Application	Dilution
Western Blotting	1:1000
Immunoprecipitation	1:100
IHC Leica Bond	1:1000 - 1:4000
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)	1:500 - 1:2000
Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)	1:400 - 1:1600
Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)	1:1600
Chromatin IP	1:50

Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #47398.

Specificity/Sensitivity

Phospho-Histone H3 (Ser10) (D7N8E) XP[®] Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of histone H3 protein only when phosphorylated at Ser10. This antibody detects phosphorylation at Ser10 in the presence of acetylated or methylated Lys9, but not in the presence of phosphorylated Thr11. This antibody does not cross-react with histone H3 phosphorylated at Ser28.

**Species predicted to react
based on 100% sequence
homology**

Hamster, Xenopus, *S. cerevisiae*

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding phosphorylated Ser10 of human histone H3 protein.

Background

Modulation of chromatin structure plays an important role in the regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. The nucleosome, made up of DNA wound around eight core histone proteins (two each of H2A, H2B, H3, and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin (1). The amino-terminal tails of core histones undergo various posttranslational modifications, including acetylation, phosphorylation, methylation, and ubiquitination (2-5). These modifications occur in response to various stimuli and have a direct effect on the accessibility of chromatin to transcription factors and, therefore, gene expression (6). In most species, histone H2B is primarily acetylated at Lys5, 12, 15, and 20 (4,7). Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at Lys9, 14, 18, 23, 27, and 56. Acetylation of H3 at Lys9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly in some organisms (2,3). Phosphorylation at Ser10, Ser28, and Thr11 of histone H3 is tightly correlated with chromosome condensation during both mitosis and meiosis (8-10). Phosphorylation at Thr3 of histone H3 is highly conserved among many species and is catalyzed by the kinase haspin. Immunostaining with phospho-specific antibodies in mammalian cells reveals mitotic phosphorylation at Thr3 of H3 in prophase and its dephosphorylation during anaphase (11).

Background References

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11. Dai, J. et al. (2005) *Genes Dev* 19, 472-88.
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Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.
Applications Key	W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC-Bond: IHC Leica Bond IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized) ChIP: Chromatin IP
Cross-Reactivity Key	H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey
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