

Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys14) Antibody (ChIP Formulated)



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Applications: ChIP	Reactivity: H	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 17	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #P68431	Entrez-Gene Id: 8350
Product Usage Information		Application Chromatin IP	Dilution 1:25			
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys14) Antibody (ChIP Formulated) detects endogenous levels of histone H3 only when acetylated on Lys14. This antibody does not cross-react with histone H3 acetylated on lysines 9, 18, 27 or 56.				
Species predic based on 100% homology		Mouse, Rat, Monkey				
Source / Purification		Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with an acetylated synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Lys14 of human histone H3 protein. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.				
Background		Modulation of chromatin structure plays an important role in the regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. The nucleosome, made up of DNA wound around eight core histone proteins (two each of H2A, H2B, H3, and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin (1). The amino-terminal tails of core histones undergo various posttranslational modifications, including acetylation, phosphorylation, methylation, and ubiquitination (2-5). These modifications occur in response to various stimuli and have a direct effect on the accessibility of chromatin to transcription factors and, therefore, gene expression (6). In most species, histone H2B is primarily acetylated at Lys5, 12, 15, and 20 (4,7). Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at Lys9, 14, 18, 23, 27, and 56. Acetylation of H3 at Lys9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly in some organisms (2,3). Phosphorylation at Ser10, Ser28, and Thr11 of histone H3 is tightly correlated with chromosome condensation during both mitosis and meiosis (8-10). Phosphorylation at Thr3 of histone H3 is highly conserved among many species and is catalyzed by the kinase haspin. Immunostaining with phospho-specific antibodies in mammalian cells reveals mitotic phosphorylation at Thr3 of H3 in prophase and its dephosphorylation during anaphase (11).				
Background References		2. Hansen, J.C. et al. (1 3. Strahl, B.D. and Allis 4. Cheung, P. et al. (20 5. Bernstein, B.E. and 9 6. Jaskelioff, M. and Pe 7. Thorne, A.W. et al. (8. Hendzel, M.J. et al. (9. Goto, H. et al. (1999 10. Preuss, U. et al. (20	d Kingston, R.E. (1998) <i>Annu Rev Biochem</i> 67, 545-79. (1998) <i>Biochemistry</i> 37, 17637-41. Illis, C.D. (2000) <i>Nature</i> 403, 41-5. 2000) <i>Cell</i> 103, 263-71. dd Schreiber, S.L. (2002) <i>Chem Biol</i> 9, 1167-73. Peterson, C.L. (2003) <i>Nat Cell Biol</i> 5, 395-9. I. (1990) <i>Eur J Biochem</i> 193, 701-13. I. (1997) <i>Chromosoma</i> 106, 348-60. 99) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 274, 25543-9. (2003) <i>Nucleic Acids Res</i> 31, 878-85. 5) <i>Genes Dev</i> 19, 472-88.			

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

ChIP: Chromatin IP **Applications Key**

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human

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