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#4976

## Puma Antibody

**For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.**

<b>Applications:</b> W	<b>Reactivity:</b> H	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 23	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit	<b>UniProt ID:</b> #Q9BXH1	<b>Entrez-Gene Id:</b> 27113
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### Product Usage Information

#### Application

Western Blotting

#### Dilution

1:1000

### Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

### Specificity/Sensitivity

Puma Antibody detects endogenous levels of total Puma protein. The antibody also cross-reacts with an 18kDa band of unknown origin.

### Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology

Monkey

### Source / Purification

Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the carboxy-terminal region of human Puma. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.

### Background

Puma (p53 upregulated modulator of apoptosis) is a "BH3-only" Bcl-2 family member originally identified in differential gene expression studies as a p53-inducible gene (1,2). The "BH3-only" family members include Bad, Bid, Bik, Hrk, Bim, and Noxa, all of which contain a BH3 domain but lack other conserved domains, BH1 and BH2, and generally promote apoptosis by binding to and antagonizing anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 family members through BH3 domain interactions (3). Two BH3-containing proteins are produced from the *puma* gene, Puma-α and Puma-β, both of which are induced by p53, bind Bcl-2 and Bcl-xL, localize to the mitochondria, and promote cytochrome c release and apoptosis (1,2). Puma plays a critical role in the p53 tumor suppressor pathway. Targeted disruption of the *puma* gene impairs p53-mediated apoptosis and tumor suppression (4-7). Puma knockout mice show defects from multiple apoptotic stimuli, including ionizing irradiation, deregulated c-Myc expression, and cytokine withdrawal (4).

### Background References

1. Yu, J. et al. (2001) *Mol Cell* 7, 673-82.
2. Nakano, K. and Vousden, K.H. (2001) *Mol Cell* 7, 683-94.
3. Bouillet, P. and Strasser, A. (2002) *J Cell Sci* 115, 1567-74.
4. Jeffers, J.R. et al. (2003) *Cancer Cell* 4, 321-8.
5. Hemann, M.T. et al. (2004) *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 101, 9333-8.
6. Yu, J. et al. (2003) *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 100, 1931-6.
7. Villunger, A. et al. (2003) *Science* 302, 1036-8.

### Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

### Western Blot Buffer

**IMPORTANT:** For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

### Applications Key

**W:** Western Blotting

### Cross-Reactivity Key

**H:** Human

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