

## **ACAT1 Antibody**



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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Reactivity: H M R	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 42	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit	UniProt ID: #P24752	Entrez-Gene Id: 38
	<b>Application</b> Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation			<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000 1:50	
	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
sitivity	ACAT1 Antibody recognizes endogenous levels of total ACAT1 protein. This antibody does not cross-react with ACAT2 protein.				
ation	Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near the carboxy terminus of human ACAT1 protein. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.				
	Mitochondrial acetyl-coenzyme A (CoA) acetyltransferase 1 (ACAT1) plays a pivotal role in ketogenesis and branched chain amino acid metabolism (1-3). Research studies have demonstrated that ACAT1 also plays a key role in carbohydrate metabolism of tumor cells by directly acetylating and inhibiting the activity of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex (PDH) and PDH phosphatase, which leads to decreased carbon flux through PDH and increased glycolysis (4,5). Mechanistically, it has been shown that numerous oncogenic tyrosine kinases directly phosphorylate ACAT1 at Y407, which promotes tetramerization and stabilization of the active enzyme in order to drive glycolysis and tumor growth (5).				
ferences	1. Balasse, E.O. and Féry, F. (1989) <i>Diabetes Metab Rev</i> 5, 247-70. 2. Pohl, J. et al. (2006) <i>Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol</i> 18, 69-74. 3. Haapalainen, A.M. et al. (2007) <i>Biochemistry</i> 46, 4305-21. 4. Fan, J. et al. (2014) <i>Mol Cell</i> 53, 534-48. 5. Fan, J. et al. (2016) <i>Mol Cell</i> 64, 859-874.				
	HMR	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation Supplied in 10 mM sod 20°C. Do not aliquot th  sitivity ACAT1 Antibody recogr react with ACAT2 prote react with ACAT2 prote are idues near the carb- peptide affinity chroma Mitochondrial acetyl-co and branched chain an plays a key role in carb activity of the pyruvate decreased carbon flux that numerous oncoge tetramerization and state 1. Balasse, E.O. and Fér 2. Pohl, J. et al. (2006) E 3. Haapalainen, A.M. et 4. Fan, J. et al. (2014) M	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.520°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.  ACAT1 Antibody recognizes endogenous react with ACAT2 protein.  Polyclonal antibodies are produced by im residues near the carboxy terminus of hupeptide affinity chromatography.  Mitochondrial acetyl-coenzyme A (CoA) a and branched chain amino acid metaboli plays a key role in carbohydrate metaboli activity of the pyruvate dehydrogenase of decreased carbon flux through PDH and that numerous oncogenic tyrosine kinase tetramerization and stabilization of the a 1. Balasse, E.O. and Féry, F. (1989) Diabett 2. Pohl, J. et al. (2006) Eur J Gastroenterol 3. Haapalainen, A.M. et al. (2007) Biocher 4. Fan, J. et al. (2014) Mol Cell 53, 534-48.	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg, 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.  Sitivity ACAT1 Antibody recognizes endogenous levels of total ACAT1 proreact with ACAT2 protein.  Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with residues near the carboxy terminus of human ACAT1 protein. And peptide affinity chromatography.  Mitochondrial acetyl-coenzyme A (CoA) acetyltransferase 1 (ACAT and branched chain amino acid metabolism (1-3). Research studinglays a key role in carbohydrate metabolism of tumor cells by directivity of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex (PDH) and PDH decreased carbon flux through PDH and increased glycolysis (4,5) that numerous oncogenic tyrosine kinases directly phosphorylate tetramerization and stabilization of the active enzyme in order to 1. Balasse, E.O. and Féry, F. (1989) Diabetes Metab Rev 5, 247-70. 2. Pohl, J. et al. (2006) Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol 18, 69-74. 3. Haapalainen, A.M. et al. (2007) Biochemistry 46, 4305-21. 4. Fan, J. et al. (2014) Mol Cell 53, 534-48.	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA and 50% gi 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.  ACAT1 Antibody recognizes endogenous levels of total ACAT1 protein. This antibody react with ACAT2 protein.  Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide residues near the carboxy terminus of human ACAT1 protein. Antibodies are purified peptide affinity chromatography.  Mitochondrial acetyl-coenzyme A (CoA) acetyltransferase 1 (ACAT1) plays a pivotal reand branched chain amino acid metabolism (1-3). Research studies have demonstrated plays a key role in carbohydrate metabolism of tumor cells by directly acetylating an activity of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex (PDH) and PDH phosphatase, which decreased carbon flux through PDH and increased glycolysis (4,5). Mechanistically, in that numerous oncogenic tyrosine kinases directly phosphorylate ACAT1 at Y407, what tetramerization and stabilization of the active enzyme in order to drive glycolysis and tetramerization and stabilization of the active enzyme in order to drive glycolysis and 1. Balasse, E.O. and Féry, F. (1989) Diabetes Metab Rev 5, 247-70.  2. Pohl, J. et al. (2006) Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol 18, 69-74.  3. Haapalainen, A.M. et al. (2007) Biochemistry 46, 4305-21.  4. Fan, J. et al. (2014) Mol Cell 53, 534-48.

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** 

W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

**Cross-Reactivity Key** 

H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat

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