Collagenase, Type 4

Store at 4°C

#44204

1 g

Cell Signaling TECHNOLOGY® Support: +1-978-867-2388 (U.S.)

www.cellsignal.com/support

Orders: 877-616-2355 (U.S.) orders@cellsignal.com

New 03/21

For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Collagenase, Type 4 is isolated from Clostridium histolyticum and is prepared to contain lower tryptic activity levels to limit damage to membrane proteins and receptors but has normal to above normal collagenase activity when compared to other collagenase types. Crude collagenase preparations contain a mixture of several different enzymes, including collagenases and proteases, that effectively break down intercellular matrices. The ratio of collagenolytic and proteolytic activities is an important part of tissue dissociation. Crude collagenase is inhibited by metal chelating agents, such as cysteine, EDTA, or o-phenanthroline, but not DFP. Calcium ions provide structural stability for enzyme activity (1). Collagenases are used at various concentrations for tissue dissociation, generally ranging from 0.1 to 5 mg/ml, and various time points depending on the desired affect (2-4). Several types of collagenases (Types 1, 2, 3, and 4) have been established based on the enzymatic profile.

Specificity/Sensitivity: Collagenase, Type 4 is suggested for pancreatic islet primary isolation.

Source/Purification: Collagenase, Type 4 is produced by the bacterium *Clostridium histolyticum* and dialyzed prior to lyophilization.

Activity: ≥ 160 units per mg dry weight

Unit Definition: One unit releases 1 µmol of L-leucine equivalents from collagen in 5 hours at 37°C, pH7.5.

Storage: Collagenase, Type 4 is supplied as a lyophilized powder. This product is stable for 12 months when stored at 4°C, protected from moisture. It is recommended to reconstitute as needed and to store solutions at a 1 mg/ml concentration at -20°C or -80°C. *Aliquot to avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.*

Directions for Use: Collagenase, Type 4 is soluble from 1-20 mg/ml with an optimal pH range of 6.3–7.5. It is recommended to reconstitute with a buffer compatible with the intended assay. Vials should be brought to room temperature prior to opening and they should not be opened in humid areas.

Background References:

- (1) Ohbayashi, N. et al. (2012) *Appl Environ Microbiol* 78, 5839-44.
- (2) Balamurugan, A.N. et al. (2010) Transplantation 89, 954-61.
- (3) O'Flanagan, C.H. et al. (2019) Genome Biol 20, 210.
- (4) Brandhorst, H. et al. (2003) *Diabetes* 52, 1143-6.

Thank you for your recent purchase. If you would like to provide a review visit cellsignal.com/comments.

© 2021 Cell Signaling Technology, Inc. Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.

Applications: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry ChIP—Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF—Immunofluorescence F—Flow cytometry E-P—ELISA-Peptide Species Cross-Reactivity: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken Dm—D. melanogaster X—Xenopus Z—zebratish B—bovine Dg—dog Pg—pig Sc—S. cerevisiae Ce—C. elegans Hr—Horse AII—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.