2010 Phospho-Na,K-ATPase α1 (Ser16) Antibody 020 020 020 020



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Applications: W	Reactivity: R	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 100	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #P05023	Entrez-Gene Id: 476		
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting	Dilution 1:1000					
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.						
Specificity/Sen	sitivity	Phospho-Na,K-ATPase α1 (Ser16) Antibody recognizes endogenous levels of Na,K-ATPase α1 only when phosphorylated at Ser16. The residue number, Ser16, is based on the sequence of the immature form of the protein, corresponding to Ser11 of the mature cleaved form.						
Species predict based on 100% homology		Mouse, Bovine, Pig						
Source / Purific	cation	Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser16 of rat Na,K-ATPase α1. Antibodies are purified using protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.						
Background		The Na,K-ATPase is an integral membrane heterodimer belonging to the P-type ATPase family. This ion channel uses the energy derived from ATP hydrolysis to maintain membrane potential by driving sodium export and potassium import across the plasma membrane against their electrochemical gradients. It is composed of a catalytic α subunit and a β subunit (reviewed in 1). Several phosphorylation sites have been identified for the α1 subunit. Tyr10 is phosphorylated by an as yet undetermined kinase (2), Ser16 and Ser23 are phosphorylated by PKC, and Ser943 is phosphorylated by PKA (3-5). All of these sites have been implicated in the regulation of enzyme activity in response to hormones and neurotransmitters, altering trafficking and kinetic properties of Na,K-ATPase. Altered phosphorylation in response to angiotensin II stimulates activity in the rat proximal tubule (6). Na,K-ATPase is also involved in other signal transduction pathways. Insulin regulates its localization in differentiated primary human skeletal muscle cells, and this regulation is dependent on ERK1/2 phosphorylation of the α subunit (7). Na,K-ATPase and Src form a signaling receptor complex that affects regulation of Src kinase activity and, subsequently, its downstream effectors (8,9).						
Background Re	eferences	 Therien, A.G. and Blostein, R. (2000) <i>Am J Physiol Cell Physiol</i> 279, C541-66. Féraille, E. et al. (1999) <i>Mol Biol Cell</i> 10, 2847-59. Fisone, G. et al. (1994) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 269, 9368-73. Feschenko, M.S. and Sweadner, K.J. (1995) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 270, 14072-7. Beguin, P. et al. (1994) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 269, 24437-45. Yingst, D.R. et al. (2004) <i>Am J Physiol Renal Physiol</i> 287, F713-21. Al-Khalili, L. et al. (2004) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 279, 25211-8. Tian, J. et al. (2006) <i>Mol Biol Cell</i> 17, 317-26. Liang, M. et al. (2006) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 281, 19709-19. 						
Species Reactiv	vity	Species reactivity is de	etermined by testin	g in at least one approve	ed application (e.g.,	western blot).		
Western Blot B	•		MPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X IBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.					
Applications K	ey	W: Western Blotting						
Cross-Reactivit	ty Key	R: Rat						
Trademarks an	nd Patents	Patents Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.						

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