

PLCγ2 Antibody



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Applications: W, IP	Reactivity: H M	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 150	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #P16885	Entrez-Gene Id: 5336
Product Usage Information	•	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation			Dilution 1:1000 1:50	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		PLCgamma2 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total PLC γ 2 protein. This antibody does not cross-react with PLC γ 1.				
Species predict based on 100% homology		Rat				
Source / Purification		Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding the carboxy-terminus of human PLCγ2. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.				
Background		Phosphoinositide-specific phospholipase C (PLC) plays a significant role in transmembrane signaling. In response to extracellular stimuli such as hormones, growth factors and neurotransmitters, PLC hydrolyzes phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) to generate two secondary messengers: inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate (IP3) and diacylglycerol (DAG) (1). At least four families of PLCs have been identified: PLC β , PLC β , PLC β , PLC β . The PLC β subfamily includes four members, PLC β 1-4. All four members of the subfamily are activated by α - or β - γ -subunits of the heterotrimeric G-proteins (2,3). Phosphorylation is one of the key mechanisms that regulates the activity of PLC. Phosphorylation of Ser1105 by PKA or PKC inhibits PLC β 3 activity (4,5). Ser537 of PLC β 3 is phosphorylated by CaMKII, and this phosphorylation may contribute to the basal activity of PLC β 3. PLC γ 4 is activated by both receptor and nonreceptor tyrosine kinases (6). PLC γ 4 forms a complex with EGF and PDGF receptors, which leads to the phosphorylation of PLC γ 4 at Tyr771, 783 and 1248 (7). Phosphorylation by Syk at Tyr783 activates the enzymatic activity of PLC γ 1 (8). PLC γ 2 is engaged in antigen-dependent signaling in B cells and collagen-dependent signaling in platelets. Phosphorylation by Btk or Lck at Tyr753, 759, 1197 and 1217 is correlated with PLC γ 2 activity (9,10).				
Background References		1. Singer, W.D. et al. (1997) <i>Annu Rev Biochem</i> 66, 475-509. 2. Smrcka, A.V. et al. (1991) <i>Science</i> 251, 804-7. 3. Taylor, S.J. et al. (1991) <i>Nature</i> 350, 516-8. 4. Yue, C. et al. (1998) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 273, 18023-7. 5. Yue, C. et al. (2000) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 275, 30220-5. 6. Margolis, B. et al. (1989) <i>Cell</i> 57, 1101-7. 7. Kim, H.K. et al. (1991) <i>Cell</i> 65, 435-41. 8. Wang, Z. et al. (1998) <i>Mol Cell Biol</i> 18, 590-7. 9. Watanabe, D. et al. (2001) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 276, 38595-38601. 10. Ozdener, F. et al. (2002) <i>Mol. Pharmacol.</i> 62, 672-679.				

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting **IP:** Immunoprecipitation

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: Human M: Mouse

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