

**Phospho-PLCbeta3 (Ser537) (D8K2R)
Rabbit mAb****Orders:** 877-616-CELL (2355)
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Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
W	H M R	Endogenous	150	Rabbit IgG	#Q01970	5331

**Product Usage
Information****Application**

Western Blotting

Dilution

1:1000

Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity/Sensitivity

Phospho-PLCbeta3 (Ser537) (D8K2R) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total PLCbeta3 only when phosphorylated at Ser537. The antibody cross-reacts with a murine protein of ~75 kDa whose identity was not determined.

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser537 of human PLCβ3 protein.

Background

Phosphoinositide-specific phospholipase C (PLC) plays a significant role in transmembrane signaling. In response to extracellular stimuli such as hormones, growth factors and neurotransmitters, PLC hydrolyzes phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) to generate two secondary messengers: inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate (IP3) and diacylglycerol (DAG) (1). At least four families of PLCs have been identified: PLCβ, PLCγ, PLCδ and PLCε. The PLCβ subfamily includes four members, PLCβ1-4. All four members of the subfamily are activated by α- or β-γ-subunits of the heterotrimeric G-proteins (2,3). Phosphorylation is one of the key mechanisms that regulates the activity of PLC. Phosphorylation of Ser1105 by PKA or PKC inhibits PLCβ3 activity (4,5). Ser537 of PLCβ3 is phosphorylated by CaMKII, and this phosphorylation may contribute to the basal activity of PLCβ3. PLCγ is activated by both receptor and nonreceptor tyrosine kinases (6). PLCγ forms a complex with EGF and PDGF receptors, which leads to the phosphorylation of PLCγ at Tyr771, 783 and 1248 (7). Phosphorylation by Syk at Tyr783 activates the enzymatic activity of PLCγ1 (8).

Background References

1. Singer, W.D. et al. (1997) *Annu Rev Biochem* 66, 475-509.
2. Smrcka, A.V. et al. (1991) *Science* 251, 804-7.
3. Taylor, S.J. et al. (1991) *Nature* 350, 516-8.
4. Yue, C. et al. (1998) *J Biol Chem* 273, 18023-7.
5. Yue, C. et al. (2000) *J Biol Chem* 275, 30220-5.
6. Margolis, B. et al. (1989) *Cell* 57, 1101-7.
7. Kim, H.K. et al. (1991) *Cell* 65, 435-41.
8. Wang, Z. et al. (1998) *Mol Cell Biol* 18, 590-7.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key**W:** Western Blotting**Cross-Reactivity Key****H:** Human **M:** Mouse **R:** Rat**Trademarks and Patents**

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