ZO-2 Antibody



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Applications: W, IF-IC	Reactivity: H M R Mk B Dg	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 150	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #Q9UDY2	Entrez-Gene Id: 9414
Product Usage Information	e	Application Western Blotting Immunofluorescence	(Immunocytochem	istry)		Dilution 1:1000 1:50
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		ZO-2 Antibody recognizes endogenous levels of total ZO-2 protein. The antibody does not cross-react with ZO-1 or ZO-3.				
Source / Purification		Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the carboxy-terminal sequence of mouse ZO-2.				
Background		Tight junctions, or zona occludens (ZO), form a continuous barrier to fluids across the epithelium and endothelium. They function in regulation of paracellular permeability and in the maintenance of cell polarity, blocking the movement of transmembrane proteins between the apical and the basolateral cell surfaces (reviewed in 1). ZO-1, -2, and -3 (also known as TJP1, 2, and 3) are peripheral membrane adaptor proteins that link junctional transmembrane proteins, such as occludin and claudin, to the actin cytoskeleton (reviewed in 2). ZO-1 and ZO-2 are required for tight junction formation and function (3,4). In subconfluent proliferating cells, ZO-1 and ZO-2 have been shown to colocalize to the nucleus and play a role in transcriptional regulation, possibly through facilitating nuclear import/export of transcriptional regulators (5-7). The ZO-2 gene is transcribed from two promoters, generating the ZO-2A and ZO-2C isoforms. ZO-2C lacks a 23 amino acid amino-terminal sequence found in other ZO-2 isoforms. While both isoforms appear to be widely expressed, abnormal regulation of the ZO-2 gene may be correlated with development of ductal cancer (8).				
Background References		1. Shin, K. et al. (2006) <i>Annu Rev Cell Dev Biol</i> 22, 207-35. 2. Matter, K. and Balda, M.S. (2007) <i>J Cell Sci</i> 120, 1505-11. 3. Hernandez, S. et al. (2007) <i>Exp Cell Res</i> 313, 1533-47. 4. Umeda, K. et al. (2006) <i>Cell</i> 126, 741-54. 5. Betanzos, A. et al. (2004) <i>Exp Cell Res</i> 292, 51-66. 6. Traweger, A. et al. (2003) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 278, 2692-700. 7. Huerta, M. et al. (2007) <i>Mol Biol Cell</i> 18, 4826-36. 8. Chlenski, A. et al. (2000) <i>Biochim Biophys Acta</i> 1493, 319-24.				
Species Reactivity		Species reactivity is de	termined by testin	g in at least one approve	ed application (e.g.,	western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey B: Bovine Dg: Dog

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