

## **Caspase-1 Antibody**



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Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
W	Н	Endogenous	20 p20. 30 to 45	Rabbit	#P29466	834
			beta, delta,			
			gamma. 50 alpha.			

**Product Usage Application Dilution** Information Western Blotting 1:1000

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – Storage

20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity/Sensitivity Caspase-1 Antibody detects endogenous levels of pro-caspase-1 and the caspase-1 p20 subunit. The

antibody is expected to detect alpha, beta, gamma and delta isoforms.

Source / Purification Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to

residues within the p20 subunit of human caspase-1. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide

affinity chromatography.

**Background** Caspase-1, or interleukin-1ß converting enzyme (ICE/ICEα), is a class I cysteine protease, which also

includes caspases -4, -5, -11, and -12. Caspase-1 cleaves inflammatory cytokines such as pro-IL-1ß and interferon-y inducing factor (IL-18) into their mature forms (1,2). Like other caspases, caspase-1 is proteolytically activated from a proenzyme to produce a tetramer of its two active subunits, p20 and p10. Caspase-1 has a large amino-terminal pro-domain that contains a caspase recruitment domain (CARD). Overexpression of caspase-1 can induce apoptosis (3). Mice deficient in caspase-1, however, have no overt defects in apoptosis but do have defects in the maturation of pro-IL-1β and are resistant to endotoxic shock (4,5). At least six caspase-1 isoforms have been identified, including caspase-1 α, β,  $\gamma$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\epsilon$ , and  $\zeta$  (6). Most caspase-1 isoforms ( $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ , and  $\delta$ ) produce products between 30-48 kDa and induce apoptosis upon overexpression. Caspase-1  $\epsilon$  typically contains only the p10 subunit, does not induce apoptosis, and may act as a dominant negative. The widely expressed ₹ isoform of caspase-1 induces apoptosis and lacks 39 amino-terminal residues found in the α isoform (6). Activation of caspase-1 occurs through an oligomerization molecular platform designated the "inflammasome" that

includes caspase-5, Pycard/Asc, and NALP1 (7).

**Background References** 1. Thornberry, N.A. et al. (1992) Nature 356, 768-74.

2. Martinon, F. and Tschopp, J. (2004) Cell 117, 561-74.

3. Miura, M. et al. (1993) Cell 75, 653-60.

4. Kuida, K. et al. (1995) Science 267, 2000-3.

5. Li, P. et al. (1995) *Cell* 80, 401-11.

6. Feng, Q. et al. (2004) Genomics 84, 587-91.

7. Martinon, F. et al. (2002) Mol Cell 10, 417-26.

Species Reactivity Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat

dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** W: Western Blotting

**Cross-Reactivity Key** H: Human

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