

**NLRX1 (D4M3Z) Rabbit mAb**

**Orders:** 877-616-CELL (2355)  
orders@cellsignal.com

**Support:** 877-678-TECH (8324)

**Web:** info@cellsignal.com  
cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

**For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.**

<b>Applications:</b> W, IP	<b>Reactivity:</b> H M R	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 100	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit IgG	<b>UniProt ID:</b> #Q86UT6	<b>Entrez-Gene Id:</b> 79671
-------------------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------------------

**Product Usage Information****Application**

Western Blotting  
Immunoprecipitation

**Dilution**

1:1000  
1:50

**Storage**

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

**Specificity/Sensitivity**

NLRX1 (D4M3Z) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total NLRX1 protein.

**Source / Purification**

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Val437 of human NLRX1 protein.

**Background**

The nucleotide-binding oligomerization domain (NOD)-like receptor (NLR) family of proteins is a diverse family of cytoplasmic innate immune receptors. They are characterized by the presence of an amino-terminal effector domain, which is often either a caspase activation and recruitment domain (CARD) or a pyrin domain (PYD), followed by a NACHT domain and carboxy-terminal leucine-rich-repeats (LRR) involved in recognition of pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) (1). NLR proteins play a variety of roles during the innate immune response including pathogen sensing, transcriptional activation of proinflammatory cytokines through NF-κB, transcriptional activation of type I interferons through IRFs, and formation of inflammasomes leading to activation of inflammatory caspases (1-7). NLRX1 (CLR11.3/NOD26/NOD5/NOD9) is unique among NLR family members in that it contains an amino-terminal mitochondrial targeting sequence resulting in localization to the mitochondria (8,9). In contrast to most NLR proteins, NLRX1 has been shown to act as a negative regulator of innate immune responses through inhibition of MAVS-Rig-I signaling, as well as inhibition of Toll-like receptor (TLR)-mediated NF-κB activation (9-11). In addition, overexpression of NLRX1 enhanced the production of reactive oxygen species (ROS), resulting in prolonged NF-κB and JNK signaling in response to TNF-α (8).

**Background References**

1. Elinav, E. et al. (2011) *Immunity* 34, 665-79.
2. Inohara, N. et al. (1999) *J Biol Chem* 274, 14560-7.
3. Ogura, Y. et al. (2001) *J Biol Chem* 276, 4812-8.
4. Sabbah, A. et al. (2009) *Nat Immunol* 10, 1073-80.
5. Mariathasan, S. et al. (2004) *Nature* 430, 213-8.
6. Agostini, L. et al. (2004) *Immunity* 20, 319-25.
7. Martinon, F. et al. (2002) *Mol Cell* 10, 417-26.
8. Tattoli, I. et al. (2008) *EMBO Rep* 9, 293-300.
9. Moore, C.B. et al. (2008) *Nature* 451, 573-7.
10. Allen, I.C. et al. (2011) *Immunity* 34, 854-65.
11. Xia, X. et al. (2011) *Immunity* 34, 843-53.

**Species Reactivity**

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

**Western Blot Buffer**

**IMPORTANT:** For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key**

**W:** Western Blotting **IP:** Immunoprecipitation

**Cross-Reactivity Key**

**H:** Human **M:** Mouse **R:** Rat

**Trademarks and Patents**

Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.  
XP is a registered trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit [cellsignal.com/trademarks](http://cellsignal.com/trademarks) for more information.

## Limited Uses

Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no force or effect.

Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party, whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products or services that would compete with CST products or services, (c) not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.