3534

Acetyl-Histone H4 (Lys16) (E2B8W) Rabbit



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Applications: W, W-S, IP, IHC- Bond, IHC-P, IF-IC, FC-FP, ChIP	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 11	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P62805	Entrez-Gene Id: 8359
Product Usage Information		For optimal ChIP results, use 10 μl of antibody and 10 μg of chromatin (approximately 4 x 10 ⁶ ce IP. This antibody has been validated using SimpleChIP [®] Enzymatic Chromatin IP Kits.				
		Application Western Blotting Simple Western™ Immunoprecipitation IHC Leica Bond Immunohistochemist Immunofluorescence Flow Cytometry (Fixed Chromatin IP	try (Paraffin) e (Immunocytochem	iistry)	1:50 1:50 1:50 1:160	00 - 1:50
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sen	sitivity	Acetyl-Histone H4 (Lys16) (E2B8W) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of histone H4 protein only when acetylated at Lys16. This antibody does not cross-react with other acetylated histone proteins.				
Source / Purific	ation	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding acetylated Lys16 of human histone H4 protein.				
Background		The nucleosome, made up of four core histone proteins (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin. Originally thought to function as a static scaffold for DNA packaging, histones have now been shown to be dynamic proteins, undergoing multiple types of post-translational modifications, including acetylation, phosphorylation, methylation, and ubiquitination (1,2). Histone acetylation occurs mainly on the amino-terminal tail domains of histones H2A (Lys5), H2B (Lys5, 12, 15, and 20), H3 (Lys9, 14, 18, 23, 27, 36, and 56), and H4 (Lys5, 8, 12, and 16) and is important for the regulation of histone deposition, transcriptional activation, DNA replication, recombination, and DNA repair (1-3). Hyper-acetylation of the histone tails neutralizes the positive charge of these domains and is believed to weaken histone-DNA and nucleosome-nucleosome interactions, thereby destabilizing chromatin structure and increasing the accessibility of DNA to various DNA-binding proteins (4,5). In addition, acetylation of specific lysine residues creates docking sites for a protein module called the bromodomain, which binds to acetylated lysine residues (6). Many transcription and chromatin regulatory proteins contain bromodomains and may be recruited to gene promoters, in part, through binding of acetylated histone tails. Histone acetylation is mediated by histone acetyltransferases (HATS), such as CBP/p300, GCN5L2, PCAF, and Tip60, which are recruited to genes by DNA-bound protein factors to facilitate transcriptional activation (3). Deacetylation, which is mediated by histone deacetylases (HDAC and sirtuin proteins), reverses the effects of acetylation and generally facilitates transcriptional repression (7,8).				
Background Re	ferences	5. Hansen, J.C. et al. (1 6. Yang, X.J. (2004) <i>Bio</i> 7. Haberland, M. et al	eterson, C.L. (2003))1) <i>Annu Rev Bioche</i> Kingston, R.E. (1998) 1998) <i>Biochemistry</i> pessays 26, 1076-87 . (2009) <i>Nat Rev Ge</i>	<i>Nat Cell Biol</i> 5, 395-9. em 70, 81-120.) <i>Annu Rev Biochem</i> 67, 37, 17637-41.		

Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.
Applications Key	W: Western Blotting W-S: Simple Western [™] IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC-Bond: IHC Leica Bond IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized) ChIP: Chromatin IP
Cross-Reactivity Key	H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey
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