## Afadin (D1Y3Z) Rabbit mAb



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Applications: W, IP	Sensitivity: Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 205	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P55196	Entrez-Gene Id: 4301		
Product Usage Information		<b>Application</b> Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation			<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000 1:50		
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
		Afadin (D1Y3Z) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total afadin protein. Based on the protein sequence, this antibody is expected to recognize all afadin isoforms.					
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Arg1117 of human afadin protein.					
Background		In multicellular organisms, intercellular junctions play essential roles in tissue integrity and maintenance of cell polarity. Tight junctions (TJs) form a continuous barrier to fluids across the epithelium and endothelium (reviewed in 1). Adherens junctions (AJs) are dynamic structures that form cell-cell contacts linking cells into a continuous sheet (reviewed in 2). The actin filament-binding protein, Afadin, binds to nectin forming a connection to the actin cytoskeleton (3). AJs are formed when nectin assembles cadherin at the cell-cell adhesion site and these junctions are then involved in the formation and maintenance of TJs (4,5). Afadin has two splice variants: I-afadin, which is ubiquitously expressed, and s-afadin, which is expressed predominantly in neural tissue. s-Afadin is a shorter form lacking one of the three proline-rich regions found in I-afadin, as well as the carboxyl-terminal F-actin binding region (6). Human s-afadin is identical to AF-6, the ALL-1 fusion partner involved in acute myeloid leukemias (7). Recent work has also shown that afadin is involved in controlling the directionality of cell movement when it is localized at the leading edge of moving cells (8,9).					
Background Ref	erences	<ol> <li>Shin, K. et al. (2006) Annu Rev Cell Dev Biol 22, 207-35.</li> <li>Harris, T.J. and Tepass, U. (2010) Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol 11, 502-14.</li> <li>Ikeda, W. et al. (1999) J Cell Biol 146, 1117-32.</li> <li>Sato, T. et al. (2006) J Biol Chem 281, 5288-99.</li> <li>Ooshio, T. et al. (2007) J Cell Sci 120, 2352-65.</li> <li>Mandai, K. et al. (1997) J Cell Biol 139, 517-28.</li> <li>Prasad, R. et al. (1993) Cancer Res 53, 5624-8.</li> <li>Miyata, M. et al. (2009) J Cell Sci 122, 4319-29.</li> <li>Miyata, M. et al. (2009) J Biol Chem 284, 24595-609.</li> </ol>					
Species Reactivi	ty	Species reactivity is dete	ermined by testing in at le	ast one approved ap	plication (e.g., western blot).		
Western Blot Bu	ıffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.					
Applications Ke	y	W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation					
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