

3507

Atg4B (D1G2R) Rabbit mAb



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Applications: W, IP	Reactivity: H M R	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 48	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q9Y4P1	Entrez-Gene Id: 23192
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation			Dilution 1:1000 1:100	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		Atg4B (D1G2R) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total Atg4B protein.				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Gln100 of human Atg4B protein.				
Background		Autophagy is a catabolic process for the autophagosomic-lysosomal degradation of bulk cytoplasmic contents. Control of autophagy was largely discovered in yeast and involves proteins encoded by a set of autophagy-related genes (Atg) (1). Formation of autophagic vesicles requires a pair of essential ubiquitin-like conjugation systems, Atg12-Atg5 and Atg8-phosphatidylethanolamine (Atg8-PE), which are widely conserved in eukaryotes (2). Numerous mammalian counterparts to yeast Atg proteins have been described, including three Atg8 proteins (GATE-16, GABARAP, and LC3) and four Atg4 homologs (Atg4A/autophagin-2, Atg4B/autophagin-1, Atg4C/autophagin-3, and Atg4D/autophagin-4) (3-5). The cysteine protease Atg4 is pivotal to autophagosome membrane generation and regulation. Atg4 primes the Atg8 homolog for lipidation by cleaving its carboxy terminus and exposing its glycine residue for E1-like enzyme Atg7. The Atg8 homolog is transferred to the E2-like enzyme Atg3 before forming the Atg8-PE conjugate. During later stages of autophagy, Atg4 can reverse this lipidation event by cleaving PE, thereby recycling the Atg8 homolog (6). While Atg4B displays a broad specificity for Atg8 homologues, it preferentially cleaves LC3 (7-9). Mutation in the corresponding <i>Atg4B</i> gene can be associated with strong inhibition of autophagosome formation. An excess of inactive Atg4B blocks lipidation of Atg8 homologues and inhibits autophagy. This makes Atg4B a potential tool for characterization of the isolation membrane and other autophagy studies (10,11).				
Background References		 Reggiori, F. and Klionsky, D.J. (2002) Eukaryot Cell 1, 11-21. Ohsumi, Y. (2001) Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol 2, 211-6. Kabeya, Y. et al. (2000) EMBO J 19, 5720-8. Kabeya, Y. et al. (2004) J Cell Sci 117, 2805-12. Mariño, G. et al. (2003) J Biol Chem 278, 3671-8. Sou, Y.S. et al. (2008) Mol Biol Cell 19, 4762-75. Hemelaar, J. et al. (2003) J Biol Chem 278, 51841-50. Kabeya, Y. et al. (2004) J Cell Sci 117, 2805-12. Tanida, I. et al. (2004) J Biol Chem 279, 36268-76. Fujita, N. et al. (2008) Mol Biol Cell 19, 4651-9. Fujita, N. et al. (2009) Autophagy 5, 88-9. 				

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat

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