

SirT6 (D8D12) Rabbit mAb



Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

Support: 877-678-TECH (8324)

Web: info@cellsignal.com

cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

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Applications: W, IP, IF-IC	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 42, 36	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P59941	Entrez-Gene Id: 50721
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)			Dilution 1:1000 1:200 1:50 - 1:100	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #40431. SirT6 (D8D12) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total SirT6 protein. This antibody does not cross-react with other sirtuin proteins.				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a recombinant protein specific to full-length mouse SirT6 protein.				
Background		The Silent Information Regulator (Sir2) family of genes is a highly conserved group of genes that encode nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD)-dependent protein deacetylases, also known as class III histone deacetylases. The first discovered and best characterized of this family is <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> Sir2, which is involved in silencing of mating type loci, telomere maintenance, DNA damage response, and cell aging (1). SirT6, a mammalian homolog of Sir2, is a nuclear, chromatin-associated protein that promotes the normal maintenance of genome integrity mediated by the base excision repair (BER) pathway (2-4). The BER pathway repairs single-stranded DNA lesions that arise spontaneously from endogenous alkylation, oxidation, and deamination events. SirT6 deficient mice show increased sensitivity to DNA-damaging agents, including the alkylating agents MMS and H_2O_2 (2). In addition, these mice show genome instability with increased frequency of fragmented chromosomes, detached centromeres, and gaps (2). SirT6 may regulate the BER pathway by deacetylating DNA Pol β or other core components of the pathway (2).				
Background References		1. Guarente, L. (1999) <i>Nat Genet</i> 23, 281-5. 2. Mostoslavsky, R. et al. (2006) <i>Cell</i> 124, 315-29. 3. Liszt, G. et al. (2005) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 280, 21313-20. 4. Michishita, E. et al. (2005) <i>Mol Biol Cell</i> 16, 4623-35.				
Species Reacti	vity	Species reactivity is d	etermined by testin	g in at least one approv	ed application (e.g.,	western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X

TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey

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