HtrA2/Omi (D20A5) Rabbit mAb



Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

Support: 877-678-TECH (8324)

Web: info@cellsignal.com cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: W	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 36	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #O43464	Entrez-Gene Id: 27429
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting			Dilution 1:1000	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		HtrA2/Omi (D20A5) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total HtrA2/Omi protein. This antibody does not cross-react with HtrA1.				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Phe341 of human HtrA2/Omi protein.				
Background		High temperature requirement protein A2 (HtrA2)/Omi is a serine protease with homology to the <i>E. coli</i> HtrA protein (DegP) and is thought to be involved in apoptosis and stress-induced degradation of misfolded proteins (1). While HtrA2 was orignally identified to be present in either the nucleus (1) or endoplasmic reticulum (2), subsequent studies have shown that it localizes in mitochondria and is released during apoptosis (3-7). HtrA2 is produced as a 50 kDa zymogen that is cleaved to generate a 36 kDa mature protein that exposes an amino terminal motif (AVPS) resembling that of the IAP inhibitor Smac/Diablo (3-7). Like Smac, interaction between HtrA2 and IAP family members, such as XIAP, antagonizes their inhibition of caspase activity and protection from apoptosis (3-7). Interestingly, HtrA2 knock-out mice did not show signs of reduced apoptosis, but rather had a loss of neurons in the striatum and a Parkinson's-like phenotype, suggesting that HtrA2 might have a neuroprotective function (8-10). This activity is associated with the protease activity of HtrA2 (8). Furthermore, research studies have shown that loss of function mutations in the HtrA2 gene are associated with Parkinson's disease (11).				
Background References		1. Gray, C.W. et al. (2000) <i>Eur. J. Biochem.</i> 267, 5699-5710. 2. Faccio, L. et al. (2000) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 275, 2581-2588. 3. Suzuki, Y. et al. (2001) <i>Mol. Cell</i> 8, 613-621. 4. Hegde, R. et al. (2002) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 277, 432-438. 5. Martins, L.M. et al. (2002) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 277, 439-444. 6. van Loo, G. et al. (2002) <i>Cell Death Differ.</i> 9, 20-26. 7. Verhagen, A.M. et al. (2002) <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 277, 445-454. 8. Jones, J.M. et al. (2003) <i>Nature</i> 425, 721-727. 9. Vaux, D.L. and Silke, J. (2003) <i>Cell</i> 115, 251-253. 10. Martins, L.M. et al. (2004) <i>Mol. Cell Biol.</i> 24, 9848-9862. 11. Strauss, K.M. et al. (2005) <i>Hum. Mol. Genet.</i> 14, 2099-2111.				
Species Reactiv	itv	Species reactivity is do	etermined by testin	g in at least one approve	ed application (e.g.,	western blot).

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey

Trademarks and Patents

Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit cellsignal.com/trademarks for more information.

Limited Uses

Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no force or effect.

Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party, whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products or services that would compete with CST products or services, (c) not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.