Akt Antibody Cell Signaling Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com Support: 877-678-TECH (8324) Web: info@cellsignal.com cellsignal.com

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Applications: W, IP, IF-IC, FC-FP	Reactivity: H M R Hm Mk C Dm B Dg Pg GP	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 60	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #P31751, #Q9Y243, #P31749	Entrez-Gene Id: 208, 10000, 207
Product Usage Information	2	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation Immunofluorescence (I Flow Cytometry (Fixed/	-	istry)	1:10 1:50 1:20	0
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodi 20°C. Do not aliquot the), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ	g/ml BSA and 50% glyc	erol. Store at –
Specificity/Sensitivity		Akt Antibody detects endogenous levels of total Akt1, Akt2 and Akt3 proteins. The antibody does not cross-react with related kinases.				
Source / Purification		Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the carboxy-terminal sequence of mouse Akt. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.				
Background		Akt, also referred to as This protein kinase is a wortmannin-sensitive p activation loop phosph- terminus at Ser473. The been identified as marr rictor and Sin1 (5,6). Ak inactivation of several t caspase-9. PTEN phosp LY294002 is a specific P glycogen synthesis thro play a role in insulin sti glycogen synthesis, Akt phosphorylation and de kinase inhibitors p27 Ki directly phosphorylatin importantly, Akt phospi raptor complex (18,19).	ctivated by insulin bathway involving orylation at Thr308 e previously elusiv malian target of r t promotes cell su argets, including E hatase is a major i 13 kinase inhibitor ugh phosphorylat mulation of glucos : is involved in cell egradation of cycli p1 (15) and p21 W g mTOR in a rapar horylates and inac	and various growth ar PI3 kinase (2,3). Akt is 3 by PDK1 (4) and by p e PDK2 responsible for apamycin (mTOR) in a rvival by inhibiting apo Bad (7), forkhead trans negative regulator of t (11). Another essentia cion and inactivation o se transport (12). In ad cycle regulation by pro- n D1 (14) and by nega- faf1/Cip1 (16). Akt also nycin-sensitive comple-	nd survival factors to fu activated by phospholi hosphorylation within to r phosphorylation of Al- rapamycin-insensitive optosis through phosph scription factors (8), c-R, the P13K/Akt signaling p al Akt function is the rea f GSK-3 α and β (12,13). dition to its role in surv- eventing GSK-3 β -media tively regulating the cy- plays a critical role in co ex containing raptor (17)	inction in a pid binding and the carboxy ct at Ser473 has complex with norylation and af (9), and bathway (10). gulation of Akt may also rival and ted clin-dependent ell growth by 7). More
Background References		 Franke, T.F. et al. (1997) <i>Cell</i> 88, 435-7. Burgering, B.M. and Coffer, P.J. (1995) <i>Nature</i> 376, 599-602. Franke, T.F. et al. (1995) <i>Cell</i> 81, 727-36. Alessi, D.R. et al. (1996) <i>EMBO J</i> 15, 6541-51. Sarbassov, D.D. et al. (2005) <i>Science</i> 307, 1098-101. Jacinto, E. et al. (2006) <i>Cell</i> 127, 125-37. Cardone, M.H. et al. (1998) <i>Science</i> 282, 1318-21. Brunet, A. et al. (1999) <i>Cell</i> 96, 857-68. Zimmermann, S. and Moelling, K. (1999) <i>Science</i> 286, 1741-4. Cantley, L.C. and Neel, B.G. (1999) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci USA</i> 96, 4240-5. Vlahos, C.J. et al. (2001) <i>FBS Lett</i> 492, 199-203. Cross, D.A. et al. (1995) <i>Nature</i> 378, 785-9. Diehl, J.A. et al. (1998) <i>Genes Dev</i> 12, 3499-511. Gesbert, F. et al. (2000) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 275, 39223-30. Zhou, B.P. et al. (2001) <i>Nat Cell Biol</i> 3, 245-52. Navé, B.T. et al. (1999) <i>Biochem</i> J 344 Pt 2, 427-31. Inoki, K. et al. (2002) <i>Nat Cell Biol</i> 4, 648-57. 				

Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).				
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.				
Applications Key	W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC- FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)				
Cross-Reactivity Key	H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Hm: Hamster Mk: Monkey C: Chicken Dm: D. melanogaster B: Bovine Dg: Dog Pg: Pig GP: Guinea Pig				
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