## 8762

## Bid (3C5) Mouse mAb



Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

Support: 877-678-TECH (8324)

Web: info@cellsignal.com

cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: Reacti W, IP H	<b>vity: Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1	UniProt ID: #P55957	Entrez-Gene Id: 637	
Product Usage Information	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation	LL	mouse Igu	<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000 1:50	037	
Storage	• •	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity	, ,	Bid (3C5) Mouse mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total Bid protein. This antibody does not cross-react with endogenous levels of tBid during apoptosis.				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a recombinant protein specific to the full-length sequence of human Bid protein.				
Background	with both the anti-apo localized in the cytoso during Fas signaling, l mitochondrial outer m from the mitochondria caspase-9 activation (5	Bid is a pro-apoptotic "BH3 domain-only" member of the Bcl-2 family originally discovered to interact with both the anti-apoptotic family member Bcl-2 and the pro-apoptotic protein Bax (1). Bid is normally localized in the cytosolic fraction of cells as an inactive precursor and is cleaved at Asp60 by caspase-8 during Fas signaling, leading to translocation of the carboxyl terminal p15 fragment (tBid) to the mitochondrial outer membrane (2-4). Translocation of Bid is associated with release of cytochrome c from the mitochondria, leading to complex formation with Apaf-1 and caspase-9 and resulting in caspase-9 activation (5-7). Thus, Bid relays an apoptotic signal from the cell surface to the mitochondria triggering caspase activation (8,9).				
Background Reference	2. Luo, X. et al. (1998) <i>Ce</i> 3. Li, H. et al. (1998) <i>Ce</i> 4. Gross, A. et al. (1995) <i>Ce</i> 5. Li, P. et al. (1997) <i>Ce</i> 6. Zou, H. et al. (1999) 7. Saleh, A. et al. (1999 8. Yin, X.M. et al. (1999	I. Wang, K. et al. (1996) <i>Genes Dev</i> 10, 2859-69. 2. Luo, X. et al. (1998) <i>Cell</i> 94, 481-90. 3. Li, H. et al. (1998) <i>Cell</i> 94, 491-501. 4. Gross, A. et al. (1999) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 274, 1156-63. 5. Li, P. et al. (1997) <i>Cell</i> 91, 479-89. 5. Zou, H. et al. (1999) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 274, 11549-56. 7. Saleh, A. et al. (1999) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 274, 17941-5. 8. Yin, X.M. et al. (1999) <i>Nature</i> 400, 886-91. 9. Korsmeyer, S.J. et al. (2000) <i>Cell Death Differ</i> 7, 1166-73.				

**Species Reactivity** Species reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

**Western Blot Buffer** 

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X

TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** 

**W:** Western Blotting **IP:** Immunoprecipitation

**Cross-Reactivity Key** 

H: Human

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