Revision 6

#8469 Store at -20C

SirT1 (1F3) Mouse mAb

Cell Signaling TECHNOLOGY®

Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com

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3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

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Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
W, IP, IHC-P, IF-IC	H M R Mk	Endogenous	120	Mouse IgG1	#Q96EB6	23411

Product Usage Information

Application	Dilution
Western Blotting	1:1000
Immunoprecipitation	1:100
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)	1:200 - 1:800
Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)	1:100

Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #94642.

Specificity/Sensitivity

SirT1 (1F3) Mouse mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total SirT1 protein.

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a recombinant protein representing the central region of hur

Background

The Silent Information Regulator (SIR2) family of genes is a highly conserved group of genes that encode nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD)-dependent protein deacetylases, also known as class III histone deacetylases. The first discovered and best characterized of these genes is *Saccharomyces cerevisiae SIR2*, which is involved in silencing of mating type loci, telomere maintenance, DNA damage response, and cell aging (1). SirT1, the mammalian ortholog of Sir2, is a nuclear protein implicated in the regulation of many cellular processes, including apoptosis, cellular senescence, endocrine signaling, glucose homeostasis, aging, and longevity. Targets of SirT1 include acetylated p53 (2,3), p300 (4), Ku70 (5), forkhead (FoxO) transcription factors (5,6), PPARγ (7), and the PPARγ coactivator-1α (PGC-1α) protein (8). Deacetylation of p53 and FoxO transcription factors represses apoptosis and increases cell survival (2,3,5,6). Deacetylation of PPARγ and PGC-1α regulates the gluconeogenic/glycolytic pathways in the liver and fat mobilization in white adipocytes in response to fasting (7,8). SirT1 deacetylase activity is inhibited by nicotinamide and activated by resveratrol. In addition, SirT1 activity may be regulated by phosphorylation, as it is phosphorylated at Ser27 and Ser47 *in vivo*; however, the function of these phosphorylation sites has not yet been determined (9).

Background References

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3. Luo, J. et al. (2001) *Cell* 107, 137-148.
4. Bouras, T. et al. (2005) *J. Biol. Chem.* 280, 10264-10276.
5. Brunet, A. et al. (2004) *Science* 303, 2011-2015.
6. Motta, M.C. et al. (2004) *Cell* 116, 551-563.
7. Picard, F. et al. (2004) *Nature* 429, 771-776.
8. Rodgers, J.T. et al. (2005) *Nature* 434, 113-118.
9. Beausoleil, S.A. et al. (2004) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 101, 12130-12135.
10. Joseph, A.M. et al. (2013) *Exp Gerontol* 48, 858-68.
11. Li, X. et al. (2014) *Sci Rep* 4, 6434.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting **IP:** Immunoprecipitation **IHC-P:** Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) **IF-IC:** Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: Human **M:** Mouse **R:** Rat **Mk:** Monkey

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