CDT1 (D10F11) Rabbit mAb



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Applications: W, IP, IF-IC	Reactivity: H Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 65	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q9H211	Entrez-Gene Id: 81620
Product Usage Information	•	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation Immunofluorescence		nistry)		Dilution 1:1000 1:200 1:200
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		CDT1 (D10F11) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total CDT1 protein.				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Pro57 of human CDT1 protein.				
Background		The initiation of DNA replication in mammalian cells is a highly coordinated process that ensures duplication of the genome only once per cell division cycle. Origins of replication are dispersed throughout the genome, and their activities are regulated via the sequential binding of prereplication and replication factors. The origin recognition complex (ORC) is thought to be bound to chromatin throughout the cell cycle (1,2). The prereplication complex (Pre-RC) forms in late mitosis/early G1 phase beginning with the binding of CDT1 and cdc6 to the origin, which allows binding of the heterohexameric MCM2-7 complex. The MCM complex is thought to be the replicative helicase, and formation of the pre-RC is referred to as chromatin licensing. Subsequent initiation of DNA replication requires the activation of the S-phase promoting kinases CDK2 and cdc7. Cdc7, which is active only in complex with its regulatory subunit dbf4, phosphorylates MCM proteins bound to chromatin and allows binding of the replication factor cdc45 and DNA polymerase (3,4). Binding of CDT1 to geminin prevents pre-RC formation, and expression and degradation of geminin serve to regulate CDT1 activity (reviewed in 5). The interaction of CDT1 with MCM proteins is important in pre-RC formation and licensing (6,7). Both cdc6 and CDT1 are degraded by the ubiquitin proteasome pathway in response to DNA damage associated with rereplication (8).				
Background References		 Okuno, Y. et al. (2001) EMBO J 20, 4263-77. McNairn, A.J. et al. (2005) Exp Cell Res 308, 345-56. Bell, S.P. and Dutta, A. (2002) Annu Rev Biochem 71, 333-74. Tsuji, T. et al. (2006) Mol Biol Cell 17, 4459-72. Tada, S. (2007) Front Biosci 12, 1629-41. You, Z. and Masai, H. (2008) J Biol Chem 283, 24469-77. Teer, J.K. and Dutta, A. (2008) J Biol Chem 283, 6817-25. Hall, J.R. et al. (2008) J Biol Chem 283, 25356-63. 				
Species Reactivity		Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).				
Western Blot Buffer		IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.				

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: Human Mk: Monkey

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