# HTScan® PDGF Receptor $\beta$ Kinase Assay Kit

100 assays (96 Well Format)



**Orders** 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

**Support** 877-678-TECH (8324)

info@cellsignal.com

Web www.cellsignal.com

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This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.

Products Included	Products #	Kit Quantity
Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100)	9411	30 μΙ
HTScan® Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (4X)	9805	15 ml
DTT (1000X, 1.25 M)		80 μΙ
ATP (10 mM)	9804	1 ml
FLT3 (Tyr589) Biotinylated Peptide	1305	1.25 ml
PDGF Receptor β Kinase (recombinant, human)	7392	5 μg

**Description:** The kit provides a means of performing kinase activity assays with recombinant human PDGFRβ kinase. It includes active PDGFRβ kinase (supplied as a GST fusion protein), a biotinylated peptide substrate and a phospho-tyrosine antibody for detection of the phosphorylated form of the substrate peptide.

Peptide Core Sequence: NEY\*FY\*V

**Molecular Weights:** Peptide substrate, Biotin-peptide: 1,945 Daltons. GST-PDGFRβ Kinase: 88 kDa.

**Background:** The proteins of the PDGF family consist of several disulphide-bonded dimeric isoforms: PDGF AA, PDGF AB, PDGF BB, PDGF CC and PDGF DD, which bind in a distinct pattern to two highly related RTKs: PDGFRα and PDGFRβ. PDGFRα and PDGFRβ contain between 75% and 85% sequence homology between their two intracellular kinase domains. The kinase insert and carboxy-terminal tail regions display approximately 27% to 28% homology. PDGFRα binds all PDGF isoforms except PDGF D, whereas PDGFRβ binds only PDGF B and D (1). PDGFRα and PDGFRβ not only form homo- and heterodimers, but also dimerize with EGFR, which can be stimulated by PDGF (2). The total number and the ratio of receptor subunits expressed varies between cell types, possibly accounting

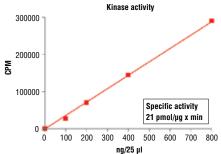


Figure 1. PDGFRβ kinase activity was measured in a radiometric assay using the following reaction conditions: 4 mM MOPS, pH 7.2, 2.5 mM β-glycerophosphate, 10 mM MnCl2, 1 mM EGTA, 0.4 mM EDTA, 4 mM MgCl2, 0.05 mM DTT, 40 ng/μL BSA, 50 μM ATP, Substrate: Poly(Glu-Tyr), 400 ng/μL and recombinant PDGFRβ: variable.

for the difference in responsiveness of various cell types to PDGF (3). Ligand binding induces receptor dimerization and autophosphorylation, allowing binding and activation of cytoplasmic SH2 domain-containing signal transduction molecules including Grb2, Src, GAP, Pl3 kinase, PLC $\gamma$  and Nck. A number of different signaling pathways are thereby initiated leading to cell growth, actin reorganization, migration and differentiation (4). Tyr751 in the kinase-insert region of PDGFR $\beta$  is the docking site for Pl3 kinase (5). Phosphorylated pentapeptides derived from Tyr751 of PDGFR $\beta$  (pTyr751-Val-Pro-Met-Leu) inhibit the association of the carboxy-terminal SH2 domain of the p85 subunit of Pl3 kinase with PDGFR $\beta$  (6). Tyr740 is also required for PDGFR $\beta$  mediated Pl-3 kinase activation (7).

**Source/Purification:** The GST-Kinase fusion protein was produced using a baculovirus expression system with a construct expressing a fragment of human PDGFRbeta (Gln557-Leu1106) (GenBank Accession No. NM\_002609) with an amino-terminal GST tag. The protein was purified by one-step affinity chromatography using glutathione-agarose.

**Quality Control:** The substrate peptide was selected using our Tyrosine Kinase Substrate Screening Kit #7450. Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 was used for detection. The quality of the biotinylated peptide was evaluated by reverse-phase HPLC and by mass spectrometry.

Purified PDGFR $\beta$  kinase was quality controlled for purity by SDS-PAGE followed by Coomassie stain and Western blot. The specific activity of the PDGFR $\beta$  kinase was determined using a radiometric assay [Fig.1]. Time course [Fig.2], kinase dose dependency [Fig.3] and substrate dose-dependency [Fig.4] assays were performed to verify PDGF $\beta$  activity using the PDGFR $\beta$  substrate peptide provided in this kit. PDGFR $\beta$  sensitivity to the inhibitor staurosporine was measured using the PDGFR $\beta$  substrate peptide provided in this kit [Fig.5].

**Storage:** Antibodies are supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100  $\mu$ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Do not aliquot the antibodies. Peptides are supplied at 6  $\mu$ M in 0.001% DMSO.

Enzyme is supplied in 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5; 150 mM NaCl, 0.25 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EGTA, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.1 mM PMSF, 25% glycerol, 7 mM glutathione.

Store at -80°C.

Keep enzymes on ice during use.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Companion Products:**

Tyrosine Kinase Substrate Screening Kit #7450

PDGF Receptor β Kinase #7392

Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411

FLT3 (Tyr589) Biotinylated Peptide #1305

Staurosporine #9953

HTScan® Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (4X) #9805

ATP (10 mM) #9804

### **Background References:**

- (1) Deuel, T.F. et al. (1988) Biofactors 1, 213-217.
- (2) Betsholtz, C. et al. (2001) Bioessays 23, 494-507.
- (3) Coughlin, S.R. et al. (1988) *Prog. Clin. Biol. Res.* 266, 39–45.
- (4) Ostman, A. and Heldin, C.H. (2001) *Adv. Cancer Res.* 80 1–38
- (5) Panayotou, G. et al. (1992) EMBO J. 11, 4261-4272.
- (6) Ramalingam, K. et al. (1995) *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* 3, 1263–1272.
- (7) Kashishian, A. et al. (1992) EMBO J. 11, 1373-1382.

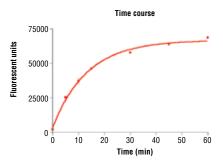


Figure 2. Time course of PDGFR $\beta$  kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of PDGFR $\beta$  substrate peptide (#1305) by PDGFR $\beta$  kinase. In a 50  $\mu$ I reaction, 50 ng PDGFR $\beta$  and 1.5  $\mu$ M substrate peptide were used per reaction. (DELFIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)

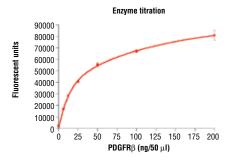


Figure 3. Dose dependence curve of PDGFRβ kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of substrate peptide (#1305) by PDGFRβ kinase. In a 50 μl reaction, increasing amounts of PDGFRβand 1.5 μM substrate peptide were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)

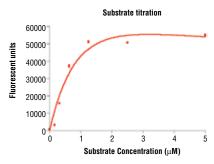


Figure 4. Peptide concentration dependence of PDGFR $\beta$  kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of substrate peptide (#1305) by PDGFR $\beta$  kinase. In a 50  $\mu$ 1 reaction, 50 ng of PDGFR $\beta$  and increasing concentrations of substrate peptide were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)

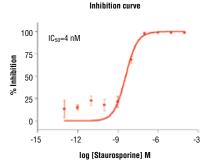


Figure 5. Staurosporine inhibition of PDGFRβ kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of PDGFRβ substrate peptide (#1305) by PDGFRβ kinase. In a 50 μl reaction, 50 ng PDGFRβ, 1.5 μM substrate peptide, 20 μM ATP and increasing amounts of staurosporine were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)



# Protocol for HTScan® PDGF Receptor $\beta$ Kinase Assay Kit

## Kinase

**Note:** Lot-specific information for this kinase is provided on the enzyme vial. Optimal assay incubation times and enzyme concentrations must be determined empirically for each lot of kinase under specified conditions.

# A Additional Solutions and Reagents (Not included)

1. Wash Buffer: 1X PBS, 0.05% Tween-20 (PBS/T)

Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA)
Stop Buffer: 50 mM EDTA pH 8

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# B Suggested Protocol for 100 Assays

- Add 10 μl 10 mM ATP to 1.25 ml 6 μM substrate peptide. Dilute the mixture with dH<sub>2</sub>0 to 2.5 ml to make 2X ATP/substrate cocktail ([ATP]=40 μM, [substrate]=3 μm).
- 2. Immediately transfer enzyme from -80°C to ice. Allow enzyme to thaw on ice.
- Microcentrifuge briefly at 4°C to bring liquid to the bottom of the vial. Return immediately to ice.
- Add 10 μI of DTT (1.25 M) to 2.5 mI of 4X HTScan® Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (240 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 20 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 20 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>, 12 μM Na<sub>3</sub>VO<sub>4</sub>) to make DTT/Kinase buffer
- Transfer 1.2 ml of DTT/Kinase buffer to each enzyme tube to make 4X reaction cocktail ([enzyme] = 4 ng/µL in 4X reaction cocktail).
- 6. Incubate 12.5  $\mu$ I of the 4X reaction cocktail with 12.5  $\mu$ I/well of prediluted compound of interest (usually around 10  $\mu$ M) for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- Add 25 μI of 2X ATP/substrate cocktail to 25 μI/well preincubated reaction cocktail/compound.

## Final Assay Conditions for a 50 µl Reaction

60 mM HEPES pH 7.5

5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>

5 mM MnCl

3 μM Na<sub>2</sub>VO

1.25 mM DTT

20 µM ATP

1.5 µM peptide

50 ng PDGF Receptor  $\beta$  Kinase

- **8.** Incubate reaction plate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- **9.** Add 50  $\mu$ l/well Stop Buffer (50 mM EDTA, pH 8) to stop the reaction.
- 10. Transfer 25 μl of each reaction and 75 μl dH<sub>2</sub>O/well to a 96-well streptavidincoated plate and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
- 11. \*Wash three times with 200  $\mu$ I/well PBS/T
- 12. Dilute primary antibody, Phospho-Tyrosine mAb (P-Tyr-100), 1:1000 in PBS/T with 1% BSA. Add 100 µl/well primary antibody.
- **13.** Incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
- 14. \*Wash three times with 200 µl/well PBS/T
- For DELFIA® or Colorimetric ELISA detection methods please use the following protocols.

# **DELFIA®** Assay

- Prepare appropriate dilution of Europium labeled secondary antibody in PBS/T with 1% BSA (1:500 dilution for anti-mouse IgG or 1:1000 for anti-rabbit IgG).
- 2. Add 100 µl/well secondary antibody solution.
- 3. Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 4. \*Wash five times with 200 µl/well PBS/T.
- 5. Add 100 µl/well DELFIA® Enhancement Solution.
- 6. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 7. Read plate using a Time Resolved Fluorescent plate reader using the following settings:

**a.** Excitation Filter: 340 nm **b.** Emission Filter: 615 nm **c.** Delay\*\*: 400 µs

Delay time is the delay from the excitation pulse to the beginning of the measurement.

#### **Companion Products for DELFIA®**

DELFIA® Europium-labeled Anti-mouse IgG (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #AD0124) DELFIA® Europium-labeled Anti-rabbit IgG (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #AD0105) DELFIA® Enhancement Solution (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #1244-105) DELFIA® Streptavidin coated, 96-well, yellow plate (PerkinElmer Life Sciences AAAND-0005)

# Colorimetric ELISA Assay

- Prepare appropriate dilution of HRP labeled secondary antibody in PBS/T with 1% BSA (1:500 dilution for anti-mouse IgG or 1:1000 for anti-rabbit IgG).
- 2. Add 100 µl/well secondary antibody solution.
- **3.** Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 4. \*Wash five times with 200 µl/well PBS/T.
- **5.** Add 100 µl/well TMB substrate.
- **6.** Incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes.
- 7. Add 100 µl/well of stop solution.
- 8. Mix well.
- 9. Read the absorbance at 450 nm with a microtiter plate reader.

#### **Companion Products For Colorimetric ELISA Assay**

Anti-mouse IgG, HRP Linked Antibody #7076 Anti-rabbit IgG, HRP Linked Antibody #7074 TMB Solution #7004 Stop Solution #7002

\* NOTE: Use of an automated microplate washer as well as centrifugation of plates when appropriate, greatly improves reproducibility.

Please contact Cell Signaling Technology for HTS-ready antibodies (PBS formulated and carrier-free), and detailed peptide substrate sequence information.

Email: drugdiscovery@cellsignal.com