HTScan[®] INS Receptor Kinase Assay Kit

100 assays (96 Well Format)



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This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.

Products Included	Products #	Kit Quantity
Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100)	9411	30 µl
HTScan® Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (4X)	9805	15 ml
ATP (10 mM)	9804	1 ml
IRS-1 (Tyr891) Biotinylated Peptide	1320	1.25 ml
INS Receptor Kinase (recombinant, human)	7748	5 µg

Description: The kit provides a means of performing kinase activity assays with recombinant human INSR kinase. It includes active INSR kinase (supplied as a GST fusion protein), a biotinylated peptide substrate and a phosphotyrosine antibody for detection of the phosphorylated form of the substrate peptide.

Peptide Core Sequence: GEY*VN

Molecular Weights: Peptide substrate, Biotin- IRS1 (Tyr891) peptide: 2,005 Daltons. GST-INSR Kinase: 70 kDa.

Background: Insulin receptor (INSR) is a membrane receptor tyrosine kinase. The receptor molecule consists of a disulfide linked heterodimer. The alpha subunit is a 135 kDa extracellular fragment, and the beta subunit is 95 kDa fragment containing an extracellular domain, a single transmembrane domain, and an intracellular tyrosine kinase domain (1). Insulin ligand binding to this receptor results in receptor autophosphorylation and tyrosine kinase activation. INSR catalyses the tyrosine phosphorylation of molecules such as IRS, Gab-1, Shc and Cbl, which further activate the down stream MAPK, PI3K, TC10 pathway and eventually lead to increases in glucose uptake and metabolism as well as cell growth (2,3). INSR has peptide substrate specificity similar to other receptor tyrosine kinase members, prefering acidic residues at the -1 to -4 positions and large hydrophobic amino acids at positions +1 and +3 (4).



Figure 1. INSR kinase activity was measured in a radiometric assay using the following reaction conditions: 60 mM HEPES-NaOH, pH 7.5, 3 mM MgCl₂, 3 mM MnCl₂, 3 μM Na-orthovanadate, 1.2 mM DTT, ATP (variable), 2.5 μg/50 μl PEG20.000, Substrate: PolyAEKY, 10 μg/50 μl, Recombinant INSR: 25 ng/50 μl. **Source/Purification:** The GST-Kinase fusion protein was produced using a baculovirus expression system with a construct expressing a fragment of human INSR (Gly989-Ser1382) with an amino-terminal GST tag. The protein was purified by one-step affinity chromatography using glutathione-agarose.

Quality Control: The substrate peptide was selected using our Tyrosine Kinase Substrate Screening Kit #7450. Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 was used for detection. The quality of the biotinylated peptide was evaluated by reverse-phase HPLC and by mass spectrometry.

Purified INSR kinase was quality controlled for purity by SDS-PAGE followed by Coomassie stain and Western blot. The specific activity of the INSR kinase was determined using a radiometric assay [Fig.1]. Time course [Fig.2], kinase dose dependency [Fig.3] and substrate dose-dependency [Fig.4] assays were performed to verify INSR activity using the INSR substrate peptide provided in this kit. INSR sensitivity to the inhibitor staurosporine was measured using the INSR substrate peptide provided in this kit [Fig.5].

Background References:

- (1) Yip, C.C. and Ottensmeyer, P. (2003) *J. Biol. Chem.* 278, 27329–27332.
- (2) Saltiel, A.R. and Pessin, J.E. (2002) *Trends Cell Biol.* 12, 65–71.
- (3) Zick, Y. (2001) Trends Cell Biol. 11, 437-441.
- (4) Songyang, Z. and Cantley, L.C. (1995) *TIBS* 20, 470–475.

Storage: Antibodies are supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Do not aliquot the antibodies. Peptides are supplied at 6 μ M in 0.001% DMSO. Enzymes are supplied in 50 mM Tris-HCL (pH 8.0), 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM DTT, 15 mM reduced glutathione and 20% glycerol. Store at -80° C.

Keep enzymes on ice during use.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Companion Products:

Tyrosine Kinase Substrate Screening Kit #7450

INS Receptor Kinase #7748

Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411

IRS-1 (Tyr891) Biotinylated Peptide #1320

Staurosporine #9953

HTScan[™] Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (4X) #9805

ATP (10 mM) #9804





Figure 2. Time course of INSR kinase activity: DELFIA[®] data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of INSR substrate peptide (#1320) by INSR kinase. In a 50 μl reaction, 50 ng INSR and 1.5 μM substrate peptide were used per reaction. (DELFIA[®] is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)



Figure 3. Dose dependence curve of INSR kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of substrate peptide (#1325) by INSR kinase. In a 50 μl reaction, increasing amounts of INSR and 1.5 μM substrate peptide were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)



Count

Figure 4. Peptide concentration dependence of INSR kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of substrate peptide (#1320) by INSR kinase. In a 50 µl reaction, 50 ng of INSR and increasing concentrations of substrate peptide were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)



Figure 5. Staurosporine inhibition of INSR kinase activity: DELFIA[®] data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of INSR substrate peptide (#1320) by INSR kinase. In a 50 µl reaction, 50 ng INSR, 1.5 µM substrate peptide, 20 µM ATP and increasing amounts of staurosporine were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFIA[®] is a registered trademark of PerkinEImer, Inc.)

Protocol for HTScan® INS Receptor Kinase Assay Kit

Kinase

Note: Lot-specific information for this kinase is provided on the enzyme vial. Optimal assay incubation times and enzyme concentrations must be determined empirically for each lot of kinase under specified conditions.

A Additional Solutions and Reagents (Not included)

- 1. Wash Buffer: 1X PBS, 0.05% Tween-20 (PBS/T)
- 2. Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA)
- 3. Stop Buffer: 50 mM EDTA pH 8

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B Suggested Protocol for 100 Assays

- Add 10 µl 10 mM ATP to 1.25 ml 6 µM substrate peptide. Dilute the mixture with dH₂0 to 2.5 ml to make 2X ATP/substrate cocktail ([ATP]=40 µM, [substrate]=3 µm).
- 2. Immediately transfer enzyme from -80°C to ice. Allow enzyme to thaw on ice.
- Microcentrifuge briefly at 4°C to bring liquid to the bottom of the vial. Return immediately to ice.
- Add 10 μl of DTT (1.25 M) to 2.5 ml of 4X HTScan[®] Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (240 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 20 mM MgCl₂, 20 mM MnCl₂, 12 μM Na₃VO₄) to make DTT/Kinase buffer.
- Transfer 1.2 ml of DTT/Kinase buffer to each enzyme tube to make 4X reaction cocktail ([enzyme] = 4 ng/µL in 4X reaction cocktail).
- Incubate 12.5 μl of the 4X reaction cocktail with 12.5 μl/well of prediluted compound of interest (usually around 10 μM) for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- Add 25 μl of 2X ATP/substrate cocktail to 25 μl/well preincubated reaction cocktail/compound.

Final Assay Conditions for a 50 μI Reaction

60 mM HEPES pH 7.5 5 mM MgCl₂ 5 mM MnCl₂ 3 μM Na₃VO₄ 1.25 mM DTT 20 μM ATP 1.5 μM peptide 50 ng INS Receptor Kinase

- 8. Incubate reaction plate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 9. Add 50 µl/well Stop Buffer (50 mM EDTA, pH 8) to stop the reaction.
- 10. Transfer 25 μ l of each reaction and 75 μ l dH₂O/well to a 96-well streptavidincoated plate and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
- 11. *Wash three times with 200 $\mu\text{I/well PBS/T}$
- 12. Dilute primary antibody, Phospho-Tyrosine mAb (P-Tyr-100), 1:1000 in PBS/T with 1% BSA. Add 100 μ //well primary antibody.
- **13.** Incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
- 14. *Wash three times with 200 μ I/well PBS/T
- **15.** For DELFIA® or Colorimetric ELISA detection methods please use the following protocols.

DELFIA® Assay

- Prepare appropriate dilution of Europium labeled secondary antibody in PBS/T with 1% BSA (1:500 dilution for anti-mouse IgG or 1:1000 for anti-rabbit IgG).
- 2. Add 100 $\mu\text{I/well}$ secondary antibody solution.
- **3.** Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 4. *Wash five times with 200 μ l/well PBS/T.
- 5. Add 100 $\mu\text{I/well}$ DELFIA® Enhancement Solution.
- 6. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- Read plate using a Time Resolved Fluorescent plate reader using the following settings;
 - a. Excitation Filter: 340 nm
 - b. Emission Filter: 615 nm
 - c. Delay**: 400 µs
- ⁺⁺ Delay time is the delay from the excitation pulse to the beginning of the measurement.

Companion Products for DELFIA®

DELFIA[®] Europium-labeled Anti-mouse IgG (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #AD0124) DELFIA[®] Europium-labeled Anti-rabbit IgG (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #AD0105) DELFIA[®] Enhancement Solution (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #1244-105) DELFIA[®] Streptavidin coated, 96-well, yellow plate (PerkinElmer Life Sciences AAAND-0005)

Colorimetric ELISA Assay

- Prepare appropriate dilution of HRP labeled secondary antibody in PBS/T with 1% BSA (1:500 dilution for anti-mouse IgG or 1:1000 for anti-rabbit IgG).
- 2. Add 100 µl/well secondary antibody solution.
- 3. Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- **4.** *Wash five times with 200 µl/well PBS/T.
- 5. Add 100 µl/well TMB substrate.
- 6. Incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes.
- 7. Add 100 µl/well of stop solution.
- 8. Mix well.
- 9. Read the absorbance at 450 nm with a microtiter plate reader.

Companion Products For Colorimetric ELISA Assay

Anti-mouse IgG, HRP Linked Antibody #7076 Anti-rabbit IgG, HRP Linked Antibody #7074 TMB Solution #7004 Stop Solution #7002

* NOTE: Use of an automated microplate washer as well as centrifugation of plates when appropriate, greatly improves reproducibility.

Please contact Cell Signaling Technology for HTS-ready antibodies (PBS formulated and carrier-free), and detailed peptide substrate sequence information. Email: drugdiscovery@cellsignal.com