IGBP1 (5F6) Mouse mAb Image: Cell Signaling Technology Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com Support: 877-678-TECH (8324) Web: info@cellsignal.com cellsignal.com



3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

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| Applications: W, IP | Reactivity: H M R Mk | Sensitivity: Endogenous | MW (kDa): 42 | Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1 | UniProt ID: #P78318 | Entrez-Gene Id: 3476 |
|---|--------------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Product Usage Information Storage | | Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation Supplied in 10 mM soc | lium HEPES (pH 7.5 | i), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ | Dilution 1:1000 1:50 (ml BSA, 50% glycer | ol and less than |
| - | | 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20° C. Do not aliquot the antibody. | | | | |
| Specificity/Sensitivity | | IGBP1 (5F6) Mouse mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total IGBP1 protein. | | | | |
| Source / Purification | | Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a recombinant protein specific to human IGBP1. | | | | |
| Background Background Re | eferences | Immunoglobulin binding protein 1 (IGBP1) interacts with the regulatory subunit C of serine/threonine phosphatase PP2A, and other protein phosphotases, PP4 and PP6 (1-3). Binding of IGBP1 to PP2A has been shown to regulate PP2A catalytic activity and its substrate specificity (1-4). Recent evidence suggests that IGBP1 may play a role in PP2Ac ubiquitination via its association with E3 ubiquitin ligase MID1 (5,6). IGBP1 negatively regulates apoptosis by targeting PP2A activity to suppress p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase activation by cytokines (7). Upon BCR cross-linking, IGBP1 transiently associates with tyrosine phosphorylated molecules, which in turn induce downstream signal transduction (7). Evidence suggests that IGBP1 association with PP2A may be involved in the rapamycin sensitive mTOR pathway (8,9). Formation of the IGBP1 and Midline ring finger protein (MID) complex has been identified as a prerequisite to pathogenesis of X-linked Optiz GBBB syndrome (10). 1. Prickett, T.D. and Brautigan, D.L. (2006) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 281, 30503-11. 2. Prickett, T.D. and Brautigan, D.L. (2004) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 279, 38912-20. 3. Chen, J. et al. (1998) <i>Biochem Biophys Res Commun</i> 247, 827-32. 4. Sakashita, S. et al. (2011) <i>Pathol Int</i> 61, 130-7. 5. McConnell, J.L. et al. (2010) <i>J Cell Biochem</i> 110, 1123-9. 7. Murata, K. et al. (1997) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A</i> 94, 10624-9. 8. Prickett, T.D. and Brautigan, D.L. (2007) <i>Mol Cell Biol</i> 27, 4217-27. 9. Inui, S. et al. (1998) <i>Blood</i> 92, 539-46. 10. Short, K.M. et al. (2002) <i>BMC Cell Biol</i> 3, 1. | | | | |
| Species Reactivity | | Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot). | | | | |
| Western Blot Buffer | | IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight. | | | | |
| Applications Key | | W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation | | | | |
| Cross-Reactivity Key | | H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey | | | | |
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