

# :5489

## Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys9) (C5B11) Rabbit mAb (Alexa Fluor® 555 Conjugate)



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### For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

<b>Applications:</b> IF-IC, FC-FP	<b>Reactivity:</b> H M R Mk Z	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P68431	Entrez-Gene Id: 8350	
Product Usage Information		<b>Application</b> Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Peri	neabilized)		<b>Dilution</b> 1:50
Storage		Supplied in PBS (pH 7.2), less than 0.1% sodium azide and 2 mg/ml BSA. Store at 4°C. Do not aliquot the antibody. Protect from light. Do not freeze.			
Specificity/Sensitivity		Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys9) (C5B11) Rabbit mAb (Alexa Fluor <sup>®</sup> 555 Conjugate) detects endogenous levels of histone H3 only when acetylated on Lys9. This antibody does not cross-react with other acetylated histones.			
Species predicte based on 100% s homology		S. cerevisiae			
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the amino terminus of histone H3 in which Lys9 is acetylated. Antibodies are purified by protein A and/or peptide affinity chromatography.			
Description		This Cell Signaling Technology antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor <sup>®</sup> 555 fluorescent dye and tested in-house for immunofluorescent analysis in human cells. The antibody is expected to exhibit the same species cross-reactivity as the unconjugated Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys9) (C5B11) Rabbit mAb #9649.			
Background		Modulation of chromatin structure plays an important role in the regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. The nucleosome, made up of DNA wound around eight core histone proteins (two each of H2A, H2B, H3, and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin (1). The amino-terminal tails of core histones undergo various posttranslational modifications, including acetylation, phosphorylation, methylation, and ubiquitination (2-5). These modifications occur in response to various stimuli and have a direct effect on the accessibility of chromatin to transcription factors and, therefore, gene expression (6). In most species, histone H2B is primarily acetylated at Lys5, 12, 15, and 20 (4,7). Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at Lys9, 14, 18, 23, 27, and 56. Acetylation of H3 at Lys9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly in some organisms (2,3). Phosphorylation at Ser10, Ser28, and Thr11 of histone H3 is tightly correlated with chromosome condensation during both mitosis and meiosis (8-10). Phosphorylation at Thr3 of histone H3 is highly conserved among many species and is catalyzed by the kinase haspin. Immunostaining with phospho-specific antibodies in mammalian cells reveals mitotic phosphorylation at Thr3 of H3 in prophase and its dephosphorylation during anaphase (11).			
Background References		1. Workman, J.L. and Kingston, R.E. (1998) <i>Annu Rev Biochem</i> 67, 545-79.  2. Hansen, J.C. et al. (1998) <i>Biochemistry</i> 37, 17637-41.  3. Strahl, B.D. and Allis, C.D. (2000) <i>Nature</i> 403, 41-5.  4. Cheung, P. et al. (2000) <i>Cell</i> 103, 263-71.  5. Bernstein, B.E. and Schreiber, S.L. (2002) <i>Chem Biol</i> 9, 1167-73.  6. Jaskelioff, M. and Peterson, C.L. (2003) <i>Nat Cell Biol</i> 5, 395-9.  7. Thorne, A.W. et al. (1990) <i>Eur J Biochem</i> 193, 701-13.  8. Hendzel, M.J. et al. (1997) <i>Chromosoma</i> 106, 348-60.  9. Goto, H. et al. (1999) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 274, 25543-9.  10. Preuss, U. et al. (2003) <i>Nucleic Acids Res</i> 31, 878-85.  11. Dai, J. et al. (2005) <i>Genes Dev</i> 19, 472-88.			

**Species Reactivity** 

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

**Applications Key** 

IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

**Cross-Reactivity Key** 

H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey Z: Zebrafish

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