# 5318

## AIF (D39D2) XP® Rabbit mAb



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#### For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

<b>Applications:</b> W, IP, IHC-P, IF-F, IF- IC	Reactivity: H M R Mk	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 67	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit IgG	<b>UniProt ID:</b> #O95831	<b>Entrez-Gene Id</b> 9131
Product Usage		Application			Dilution	
Information		Western Blotting			1:1000	
		Immunoprecipitation			1:1	00
		Immunohistochemist	• .		1:5	50 - 1:200
		Immunofluorescence	(Frozen)		1:2	200 - 1:400
		Immunofluorescence	(Immunocytochem	istry)	1:2	200 - 1:400
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
		For a carrier free (BSA	and azide free) ver	sion of this product see	product #62147.	
Specificity/Sensitivity		AIF (D39D2) XP <sup>®</sup> Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total AIF protein.				
Species predict based on 100% homology	ed to react sequence	Bovine, Dog				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody was produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ala520 of human AIF protein.				
Background		Apoptosis-inducing factor (AIF, PDCD8) is a ubiquitously expressed flavoprotein that plays a critical role in caspase-independent apoptosis (reviewed in 1,2). AIF is normally localized to the mitochondrial intermembrane space and released in response to apoptotic stimuli (3). Treatment of isolated nuclei with recombinant AIF leads to early apoptotic events, such as chromatin condensation and large-scale DNA fragmentation (3). Studies of AIF knockout mice have shown that the apoptotic activity of AIF is cell type and stimuli-dependent. Also noted was that AIF was required for embryoid body cavitation, representing the first wave of programmed cell death during embryonic morphogenesis (4). Structural analysis of AIF revealed two important regions, the first having oxidoreductase activity and the second being a potential DNA binding domain (3,5). While AIF is redox-active and can behave as an NADH oxidase, this activity is not required for inducing apoptosis (6). Instead, recent studies suggest that AIF has dual functions, a pro-apoptotic activity in the nucleus via its DNA binding and an anti-apoptotic activity via the scavenging of free radicals through its oxidoreductase activity (2,7).				
Background References		<ol> <li>Daugas, E. et al. (2000) FEBS Lett 476, 118-23.</li> <li>Lipton, S.A. and Bossy-Wetzel, E. (2002) Cell 111, 147-50.</li> <li>Susin, S.A. et al. (1999) Nature 397, 441-6.</li> <li>Joza, N. et al. (2001) Nature 410, 549-54.</li> <li>Ye, H. et al. (2002) Nat Struct Biol 9, 680-4.</li> <li>Miramar, M.D. et al. (2001) J Biol Chem 276, 16391-8.</li> <li>Klein, J.A. et al. (2002) Nature 419, 367-74.</li> <li>Kozako, T. et al. (2015) Sci Rep 5, 11345.</li> </ol>				

#### **Species Reactivity**

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

**Western Blot Buffer** 

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

### **Applications Key**

**W:** Western Blotting **IP:** Immunoprecipitation **IHC-P:** Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) **IF-F:** Immunofluorescence (Frozen) **IF-IC:** Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey

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