## Phospho-Akt (Ser473) (D9E) XP<sup>®</sup> Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate)



Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

Support: 877-678-TECH (8324)

Web: info@cellsignal.com

cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications:Reactivity:Sensitivity:Source/Isotype:UniProt ID:Entrez-Gene Id:FC-FPH M R Hm Mk Dm ZEndogenousRabbit IgG#P31751, #Q9Y243,208, 10000, 207B#P31749

Product Usage<br/>InformationApplicationDilutionFlow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)1:50

**Storage** Supplied in PBS (pH 7.2), less than 0.1% sodium azide and 2 mg/ml BSA. Store at 4°C. Do not aliquot the

antibodies. Protect from light. Do not freeze.

Specificity/Sensitivity Phospho-Akt (Ser473) (D9E) XP® Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate) detects endogenous levels of Akt only

when phosphorylated at Ser473.

Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology Chicken, Xenopus, Dog, Pig

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser473 of human Akt.

Description

This Cell Signaling Technology antibody is conjugated to phycoerythrin (PE) and tested in-house for direct flow cytometry analysis in human cells. The antibody is expected to exhibit the same species cross-reactivity as the unconjugated Phospho-Akt (Ser473) (D9E) XP<sup>®</sup> Rabbit mAb #4060.

**Background** 

Akt, also referred to as PKB or Rac, plays a critical role in controlling cell survival and apoptosis (1-3). This protein kinase is activated by insulin and various growth and survival factors to function in a wortmannin-sensitive pathway involving PI3 kinase (2,3). Akt is activated by phospholipid binding and activation loop phosphorylation at Thr308 by PDK1 (4) and by phosphorylation within the carboxy terminus at Ser473. The previously elusive PDK2 responsible for phosphorylation of Akt at Ser473 has been identified as mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) in a rapamycin-insensitive complex with rictor and Sin1 (5,6). Akt promotes cell survival by inhibiting apoptosis through phosphorylation and inactivation of several targets, including Bad (7), forkhead transcription factors (8), c-Raf (9), and caspase-9. PTEN phosphatase is a major negative regulator of the PI3K/Akt signaling pathway (10). LY294002 is a specific PI3 kinase inhibitor (11). Another essential Akt function is the regulation of glycogen synthesis through phosphorylation and inactivation of GSK-3 $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  (12,13). Akt may also play a role in insulin stimulation of glucose transport (12). In addition to its role in survival and glycogen synthesis, Akt is involved in cell cycle regulation by preventing GSK-3β-mediated phosphorylation and degradation of cyclin D1 (14) and by negatively regulating the cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitors p27 Kip1 (15) and p21 Waf1/Cip1 (16). Akt also plays a critical role in cell growth by directly phosphorylating mTOR in a rapamycin-sensitive complex containing raptor (17). More importantly, Akt phosphorylates and inactivates tuberin (TSC2), an inhibitor of mTOR within the mTORraptor complex (18,19).

## **Background References**

- 1. Franke, T.F. et al. (1997) Cell 88, 435-7.
- 2. Burgering, B.M. and Coffer, P.J. (1995) *Nature* 376, 599-602.
- 3. Franke, T.F. et al. (1995) Cell 81, 727-36.
- 4. Alessi, D.R. et al. (1996) EMBO / 15, 6541-51.
- 5. Sarbassov, D.D. et al. (2005) Science 307, 1098-101.
- 6. Jacinto, E. et al. (2006) Cell 127, 125-37.
- 7. Cardone, M.H. et al. (1998) Science 282, 1318-21.
- 8. Brunet, A. et al. (1999) *Cell* 96, 857-68.
- 9. Zimmermann, S. and Moelling, K. (1999) Science 286, 1741-4.
- 10. Cantley, L.C. and Neel, B.G. (1999) *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 96, 4240-5.
- 11. Vlahos, C.J. et al. (1994) J Biol Chem 269, 5241-8.
- 12. Hajduch, E. et al. (2001) FEBS Lett 492, 199-203.
- 13. Cross, D.A. et al. (1995) Nature 378, 785-9.
- 14. Diehl, J.A. et al. (1998) *Genes Dev* 12, 3499-511.
- 15. Gesbert, F. et al. (2000) J Biol Chem 275, 39223-30.

16. Zhou, B.P. et al. (2001) *Nat Cell Biol* 3, 245-52. 17. Navé, B.T. et al. (1999) *Biochem J* 344 Pt 2, 427-31. 18. Inoki, K. et al. (2002) *Nat Cell Biol* 4, 648-57.

19. Manning, B.D. et al. (2002) Mol Cell 10, 151-62.

**Species Reactivity** Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

**Applications Key** FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Hm: Hamster Mk: Monkey Dm: D. melanogaster Z: Zebrafish B: Bovine

**Trademarks and Patents** Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.

XP is a registered trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit cellsignal.com/trademarks for more information.

**Limited Uses**Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no

force or effect.

Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party, whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products or services that would compete with CST products or services, (c) not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.

Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355) • orders@cellsignal.com • Support: 877-678-TECH (8324) • info@cellsignal.com • Web: cellsignal.com

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.