β-Actin Antibody



Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

Support: 877-678-TECH (8324)

Web: info@cellsignal.com

cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

Applications: W	Reactivity: H M R Hm Mk Mi Dm Z B	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 45	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #P60709	Entrez-Gene Id 60
Product Usage Information		ApplicationDilutionWestern Blotting1:1000				
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		β -Actin Antibody detects endogenous levels of β -actin. Due to the high sequence identity between the actin isoforms, β -Actin Antibody may cross-react with other actin isoforms.				
Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology		Chicken, Xenopus, Dog, Pig, Horse				
Source / Purification		Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino-terminal residues of human β -actin. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.				
Background		Actin, a ubiquitous eukaryotic protein, is the major component of the cytoskeleton. At least six isoform are known in mammals. Nonmuscle β - and γ -actin, also known as cytoplasmic actin, are ubiquitously expressed, controlling cell structure and motility (1). While all actin isoforms are highly homologous, cytoplasmic β - and γ -actin protein sequences differ by only four biochemically similar amino acids (2).				

For this reason, antibodies raised to β -actin may cross-react with γ -actin, and vice versa. α -cardiac and α-skeletal actin are expressed in striated cardiac and skeletal muscles, respectively; two smooth muscle actins, α - and γ -actin, are found primarily in vascular smooth muscle and enteric smooth muscle, respectively. These actin isoforms regulate the contractile potential of muscle cells (1). Actin exists mainly as a fibrous polymer, F-actin. In response to cytoskeletal reorganizing signals during processes such as cytokinesis, endocytosis, or stress, cofilin promotes fragmentation and depolymerization of Factin, resulting in an increase in the monomeric globular form, G-actin (3). The ARP2/3 complex stabilizes F-actin fragments and promotes formation of new actin filaments (3). Research studies have shown that actin is hyperphosphorylated in primary breast tumors (4). Cleavage of actin under apoptotic conditions has been observed in vitro and in cardiac and skeletal muscle, as shown in research studies (5-7). Actin cleavage by caspase-3 may accelerate ubiquitin/proteasome-dependent muscle proteolysis (7).

Background References

- 1. Herman, I.M. (1993) Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 5, 48-55.
- 2. Perrin, B.J. and Ervasti, J.M. (2010) Cytoskeleton (Hoboken) 67, 630-4.
- 3. Condeelis, J. (2001) Trends Cell Biol 11, 288-93.
- 4. Lim, Y.P. et al. (2004) Clin Cancer Res 10, 3980-7.
- 5. Kayalar, C. et al. (1996) Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 93, 2234-8.
- 6. Communal, C. et al. (2002) Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 99, 6252-6.
- 7. Du, J. et al. (2004) J Clin Invest 113, 115-23.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Hm: Hamster Mk: Monkey Mi: Mink Dm: D. melanogaster Z: Zebrafish B:

Bovine

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