PTP-PEST (AG10) Mouse mAb





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Applications: W, IP	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 110 to 125	Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1	UniProt ID: #Q05209	Entrez-Gene Id: 5782		
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation		Dilution 1:1000 1:50				
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.						
Specificity/Sensitivity		PTP-PEST (AG10) Mouse mAb detects endogenous levels of total PTP-PEST protein. This antibody does not cross-react with other protein tyrosine phosphatases.						
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with human PTP-PEST recombinant protein. The antibody recognizes an epitope within the amino-terminal 305 residues.						
Background Background R	eferences	 PTP-PEST is a ubiquitously expressed cytosolic protein tyrosine phosphatase with multiple proline-rich regions that appear to be the docking sites for PTP-PEST binding partners or substrates (1). PTP-PEST regulates fibroblast adhesion, migration, and cytokinesis through its association with and dephosphorylation of p130 Cas, paxillin, PSTPIP1, WASP, and other adhesion molecules (1-5). By modulating phosphorylation states of Shc, Pyk2, Fak, and WASP, PTP-PEST negatively regulates lymphocyte activation (1,6). In mammary epithelial cells, EGF facilitates the dephosphorylation of Jak2 by PTP-PEST, thereby interfering with lactogenic hormone PRL signaling (7). PTP-PEST dephosphorylates c-Abl as well, which affects the phosphorylation states of PTP-PEST substrates such as paxillin, p130 Cas, Crk, and PSTPIP1 (8). PTP-PEST regulates adhesion and motility of cultured epithelial cells through modulation of Rho GTPase activity (9), and is required for integrin-mediated endothelial cell adhesion and migration (10). 1. Davidson, D. and Veillette, A. (2001) <i>EMBO J</i> 20, 3414-26. 2. Garton, A.J. and Tonks, N.K. (1999) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 274, 3811-8. 3. Shen, Y. et al. (2000) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 275, 1405-13. 4. Angers-Loustau, A. et al. (1999) <i>J Cell Biol</i> 144, 1019-31. 5. Côté, J.F. et al. (2002) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 277, 2973-86. 6. Badour, K. et al. (2001) <i>Mol Endocrinol</i> 15, 2182-96. 8. Cong, F. et al. (2000) <i>Mol Cell</i> 6, 1413-23. 9. Espejo, R. et al. (2010) <i>Am J Physiol Cell Physiol</i> 299, C454-63. 10. Souza, C.M. et al. (2012) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 287, 43180-90. 						
Species Reacti	vity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).						
Western Blot I	Buffer			cubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.				
Applications K	ley	W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation						
Cross-Reactivi	ty Key	H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey						
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