

Pim-2 (D1D2) Rabbit mAb

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Applications: W, IP	Reactivity: H	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 40, 38, 34	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #Q9P1W9	Entrez-Gene Id: 11040
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Product Usage Information**Application**

Western Blotting
Immunoprecipitation

Dilution

1:1000
1:100

Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity/Sensitivity

Pim-2 (D1D2) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total Pim-2 protein. The antibody does not cross-react with other Pim family members.

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Cys266 of human Pim-2.

Background

Pim proteins (Pim-1, Pim-2 and Pim-3) are oncogene-encoded serine/threonine kinases (1). Pim-1, a serine/threonine kinase highly expressed in hematopoietic cells, plays a critical role in the transduction of mitogenic signals and is rapidly induced by a variety of growth factors and cytokines (1-4). Pim-1 cooperates with c-Myc in lymphoid cell transformation and protects cells from growth factor withdrawal and genotoxic stress-induced apoptosis (5,6). Pim-1 also enhances the transcriptional activity of c-Myb through direct phosphorylation within the c-Myb DNA binding domain as well as phosphorylation of the transcriptional coactivator p100 (7,8). Hypermutations of the Pim-1 gene are found in B-cell diffuse large cell lymphomas (9). Phosphorylation of Pim-1 at Tyr218 by Etk occurs following IL-6 stimulation and correlates with an increase in Pim-1 activity (10). Various Pim substrates have been identified; Bad is phosphorylated by both Pim-1 and Pim-2 at Ser112 and this phosphorylation reverses Bad-induced cell apoptosis (11,12). Pim-2 is highly homologous to Pim-1 with similar oncogenic functions (13,14). Three isoforms of Pim-2 can be generated from alternative start sites which run at 34, 38, and 40 kDa (13). Pim-2 leads to resistance to a variety of apoptotic stimuli and its expression is negatively regulated by growth factor withdrawal (15,16). Increased levels of Pim-2 have also been observed in certain cancers (17,18).

Background References

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Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key**W:** Western Blotting **IP:** Immunoprecipitation**Cross-Reactivity Key****H:** Human**Trademarks and Patents**

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