1604

Doublecortin Antibody



Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

Support: 877-678-TECH (8324)

Web: info@cellsignal.com

cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: IF-F	Reactivity: M	Sensitivity: Endogenous	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #O43602	Entrez-Gene Id: 1641
Product Usage Information		Application Immunofluorescence (F	rozen)		Dilution 1:1600
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.			
Specificity/Sensitivity		Doublecortin Antibody detects endogenous levels of total doublecortin protein. Nonspecific labeling of fixed frozen mouse pancreas, colon, small intestine, retina, and cell bodies in adult brain are observed by immunofluorescence.			
Source / Purification		Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to human doublecortin. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.			
Background		Mutations in doublecortin (<i>DCX</i>) cause Lissencephaly (smooth brain), a neuronal migration disorder characterized by epilepsy and mental retardation (1). Doublecortin is a microtubule-associated protein that stabilizes and bundles microtubules. A conserved doublecortin domain mediates the interaction with microtubules, and interestingly most missense mutations cluster in this domain (2). Kinases JNK, CDK5, and PKA phosphorylate doublecortin. JNK phosphorylates Thr321, Thr331, and Ser334 while PKA phosphorylates Ser47 and CDK5 phosphorylates Ser297 (3-5). Phosphorylation of Ser297 lowers the affinity of doublecortin to microtubules. Furthermore, mutations of Ser297 result in migration defects (5).			
Background References		1. Gleeson, J.G. et al. (1998) <i>Cell</i> 92, 63-72. 2. Reiner, O. et al. (2004) <i>Cell Cycle</i> 3, 747-51. 3. Gdalyahu, A. et al. (2004) <i>EMBO J</i> 23, 823-32. 4. Schaar, B.T. et al. (2004) <i>Neuron</i> 41, 203-13. 5. Tanaka, T. et al. (2004) <i>Neuron</i> 41, 215-27.			

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Applications Key IF-F: Immunofluorescence (Frozen)

Cross-Reactivity Key M: Mouse

Trademarks and Patents Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit cellsignal.com/trademarks for more information.

Limited Uses

Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no force or effect.

Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party,

whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products or services that would compete with CST products or services, (c) not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.