Revision 1

Store at -20C

#4006

Phospho-Na,K-ATPase α1 (Ser23) Antibody

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Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
W	R	Endogenous	100	Rabbit	#P06685	24211

Product Usage Information

Application	Dilution
Western Blotting	1:1000

Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity/Sensitivity

Phospho-Na,K-ATPase α1 (Ser23) Antibody recognizes endogenous levels of Na,K-ATPase α1 only when phosphorylated at Ser23. The residue number, Ser23, is based on the sequence of the immature form of the protein, corresponding to Ser18 of the mature cleaved form.

Source / Purification

Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser23 of rat Na,K-ATPase α1. Antibodies are purified using protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.

Background

The Na,K-ATPase is an integral membrane heterodimer belonging to the P-type ATPase family. This ion channel uses the energy derived from ATP hydrolysis to maintain membrane potential by driving sodium export and potassium import across the plasma membrane against their electrochemical gradients. It is composed of a catalytic α subunit and a β subunit (reviewed in 1). Several phosphorylation sites have been identified for the α1 subunit. Tyr10 is phosphorylated by an as yet undetermined kinase (2), Ser16 and Ser23 are phosphorylated by PKC, and Ser943 is phosphorylated by PKA (3-5). All of these sites have been implicated in the regulation of enzyme activity in response to hormones and neurotransmitters, altering trafficking and kinetic properties of Na,K-ATPase. Altered phosphorylation in response to angiotensin II stimulates activity in the rat proximal tubule (6). Na,K-ATPase is also involved in other signal transduction pathways. Insulin regulates its localization in differentiated primary human skeletal muscle cells, and this regulation is dependent on ERK1/2 phosphorylation of the α subunit (7). Na,K-ATPase and Src form a signaling receptor complex that affects regulation of Src kinase activity and, subsequently, its downstream effectors (8,9).

Background References

1. Therien, A.G. and Blostein, R. (2000) *Am J Physiol Cell Physiol* 279, C541-66.
2. Féraille, E. et al. (1999) *Mol Biol Cell* 10, 2847-59.
3. Fisone, G. et al. (1994) *J Biol Chem* 269, 9368-73.
4. Feschenko, M.S. and Sweadner, K.J. (1995) *J Biol Chem* 270, 14072-7.
5. Beguin, P. et al. (1994) *J Biol Chem* 269, 24437-45.
6. Yingst, D.R. et al. (2004) *Am J Physiol Renal Physiol* 287, F713-21.
7. Al-Khalili, L. et al. (2004) *J Biol Chem* 279, 25211-8.
8. Tian, J. et al. (2006) *Mol Biol Cell* 17, 317-26.
9. Liang, M. et al. (2006) *J Biol Chem* 281, 19709-19.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting

Cross-Reactivity Key

R: Rat

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