## **E2F-1 Antibody**



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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

| Reactivity:                  | <b>Sensitivity:</b><br>Endogenous  | <b>MW (kDa):</b><br>70  | <b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit   | UniProt ID:<br>#Q01094   | Entrez-Gene Id<br>1869  |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|
| Product Usage<br>Information | For optimal ChIP results, use 5 μl of antibody and 10 μg of chromatin (approximately 4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cells) per IP. This antibody has been validated using SimpleChIP <sup>®</sup> Enzymatic Chromatin IP Kits.  |   |   |  |   |
|                              | Application  |   |   | Dilution   |   |
|                              | Western Blotting   |   |   | 1:1000   |   |
|                              | Chromatin IP   |   |   | 1:100  |   |
|                              | Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.   |   |   |  |   |
| itivity                      | E2F1 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total E2F1 protein. The antibody does not cross-react with other proteins.  |   |   |  |   |
|                              | Rat, Bovine  |   |   |  |   |
| ation                        | Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the carboxy-terminal residues of human E2F1. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.  |   |   |  |   |
|                              | The E2F transcription factors are essential for regulation of the cell cycle (1,2). Physiological E2F is a heterodimer composed of an E2F subunit together with a DP subunit (3, 4). Six members of the E2F family have been identified, and each E2F subunit has a DNA binding and a dimerization domain. E2F-1 to -5 activate transcription. E2F-1 to -3 bind pRb, and E2F-4 and -5 bind p107 or p130, and these interactions are under cell cycle control (5-8). E2F-1 has oncogenic properties in vivo and in vitro. E2F-1 can induce apoptosis through p53-dependent and -independent mechanisms. E2F-1 is stress-responsive, and is regulated by a PI3-kinase-like kinase family such as the ATM/ATR kinases (9-11). |   |   |  |   |
| erences                      | <ol> <li>Helin, K. (1998) Curr. Opin. Genet. Dev. 8, 28-35.</li> <li>Dyson, N. (1998) Genes Dev. 12, 2245-2262.</li> <li>Helin, K. et al. (1993) Genes Dev. 7, 1850-1861.</li> <li>Wu, C. et al. (1995) Mol. Cell. Biol. 15, 2536-2546.</li> <li>Takahashi, Y. et al. (2000) Genes Dev. 14, 804-816.</li> <li>Wu, L. et al. (2001) Nature 414, 457-462.</li> <li>Gaubatz, S. et al. (2000) Mol. Cell 6, 729-735.</li> <li>Hurford, R. K. et al. (1997) Genes Dev. 11, 1447-1463.</li> <li>Tsai, K. Y. et al. (1998) Mol. Cell 2, 293-304.</li> <li>Garcia, I. et al. (2000) Cell Growth Differ. 11, 91-98.</li> <li>Jin, W. C. et al. (2001) Genes Dev. 15, 1833-1844.</li> </ol>  |   |   |  |   |
|                              |  | For optimal ChIP resule. IP. This antibody has lead to react sequence  Polyclonal antibodies the carboxy-terminal chromatography.  The E2F transcription heterodimer composifamily have been ider to -5 activate transcriptions are undecan induce apoptosis responsive, and is regular to -5 activate transcriptions. Perences  Polyclonal antibodies the carboxy-terminal chromatography.  The E2F transcription heterodimer composifamily have been ider to -5 activate transcriptions are undecan induce apoptosis responsive, and is regular to -5 activate transcriptions. Perences  Polyclonal antibodies the carboxy-terminal chromatography.  The E2F transcription heterodimer composifamily have been ider to -5 activate transcriptions are undecan induce apoptosis responsive, and is regular to -5 activate transcriptions. Perences  Polyclonal antibodies the carboxy-terminal chromatography.  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Polyclonal antibodies the carboxy-terminal chromatography. | For optimal ChIP results, use 5 μl of antibuse. This antibody has been validated using Application Western Blotting Chromatin IP Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.  E2F1 Antibody detects endogenous levels other proteins.  Rat, Bovine  Polyclonal antibodies are produced by im the carboxy-terminal residues of human chromatography.  The E2F transcription factors are essential heterodimer composed of an E2F subunifamily have been identified, and each E2F to -5 activate transcription. 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**Species Reactivity** Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X

TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** W: Western Blotting ChIP: Chromatin IP

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human

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