## AMPA Receptor 3 (GluA 3) Antibody



...



Orders:	877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com
Support:	877-678-TECH (8324)
Web:	info@cellsignal.com cellsignal.com

-

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

----

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

. . .

Applications: W, IP	<b>Reactivity:</b> H M R	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 100	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit	UniProt ID: #P42263	Entrez-Gene Id: 2892		
Product Usage Information	9	Application Western Blotting Immunoprecipitation			<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000 1:50			
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.						
Specificity/Sensitivity		AMPA Receptor 3 (GluA 3) Antibody detects endogenous levels of total GluA 3 protein. The antibody is not predicted to detect other AMPA receptors subunits (e.g. GluA 1, GluA 2 or GluA 4) based on sequence homology of the antigen.						
Source / Purifi	cation	Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Pro590 of human GluA 3. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.						
Background		AMPA- (α-amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-isoxazolepropionic acid), kainite- and NMDA- (N-methyl-D- aspartate) receptors are the three main families of ionotropic glutamate-gated ion channels. AMPA receptors (AMPARs) are comprised of four subunits (GluR 1-4) that assemble as homo- or hetero- tetramers and mediate the majority of fast excitatory transmissions in the CNS. AMPARs are implicated in synapse formation, stabilization and plasticity. Post-transcriptional modifications (alternative splicing and nuclear RNA editing) and post-translational modifications (glycosylation, phoshorylation) result in a very large number of permutations, fine-tuning the kinetic properties of AMPARs (1). GluR 3 knockout mice exhibited normal basal synaptic transmission and long-term depression (LTD) but enhanced long- term potentiation (LTP). In contrast, GluR 2/3 double knockout mice are impaired in basal synaptic transmission (2). Aberrant GluR 3 expression or activity is implicated in a number of diseases, including autoimmune epilepsy, X-linked mental retardation, Rett's syndrome, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and Alzheimer disease (3).						
Background R	eferences	1. Palmer, C.L. et al. (2 2. Meng, Y. et al. (2003 3. Rembach, A. et al. (2	3) <i>Neuron</i> 39, 163-7	6.				
Species Reacti	vity	Species reactivity is de	etermined by testin	g in at least one approve	ed application (e.g.,	western blot).		
Western Blot E	Buffer			ubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X entle shaking, overnight.				
Applications K	ey	W: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation						
Cross-Reactivi	ty Key	H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat						
Trademarks ar	nd Patents	Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.						
		All other trademarks a more information.	are the property of	their respective owners.	Visit cellsignal.com	/trademarks for		
Limited Uses		the following terms an terms and conditions	oply to Products pro that are in addition	ed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, cts provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's dition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no				

Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party, whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products or services that would compete with CST products or services, (c) not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.