Limited Uses

Phospho-NMDA Receptor 1 (GluN1) (Ser896) Antibody



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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: W	Reactivity: H	Sensitivity: Transfected Only	MW (kDa): 120	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #Q05586	Entrez-Gene Id: 2902
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting			Dilution 1:1000	
torage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		Phospho-NMDA Receptor 1 (GluN1) (Ser896) Antibody detects transfected NMDA Receptor 1 (GluN1) only when phosphorylated at serine 896.				
Species predict based on 100% homology	ed to react sequence	Mouse, Rat				
Source / Purification		Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser896 of human NMDA Receptor 1 (GluN1). Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.				
Background		N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor (NMDAR) forms a heterodimer of at least one NR1 and one NR2A-D subunit. Multiple receptor isoforms with distinct brain distributions and functional properties arise by selective splicing of the NR1 transcripts and differential expression of the NR2 subunits. NR1 subunits bind the co-agonist glycine and NR2 subunits bind the neurotransmitter glutamate. Activation of the NMDA receptor or opening of the ion channel allows flow of Na ⁺ and Ca ²⁺ ions into the cell, and K ⁺ out of the cell (1). Each subunit has a cytoplasmic domain that can be directly modified by the protein kinase/phosphatase (2). PKC can phosphorylate the NR1 subunit (NMDAR1) of the receptor at Ser890/Ser896, and PKA can phosphorylate NR1 at Ser897 (3). The phosphorylation of NR1 by PKC decreases its affinity for calmodulin, thus preventing the inhibitory effect of calmodulin on NMDAR (4). The phosphorylation of NR1 by PKA probably counteracts the inhibitory effect of calcineurin on the receptor (5). NMDAR mediates long-term potentiation and slow postsynaptic excitation, which play central roles in learning, neurodevelopment, and neuroplasticity (6).				
Background References		1. Liu, X.B. et al. (2004) 2. Westphal, R.S. et al. 3. Tingley, W.G. et al. (1 4. Hisatsune, C. et al. (1 5. Raman, I.M. et al. (1 6. Makhinson, M. et al.	(1999) <i>Science</i> 285 1997) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 2 1997) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 2 996) <i>Neuron</i> 16, 41	, 93-6. 72, 5157-66. 72, 20805-10. 5-21.		
Species Reactivity		Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).				
Western Blot Buffer		IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.				
Applications Key		W: Western Blotting				
Cross-Reactivity Key		H: Human				
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