Limited Uses



Phospho-Pyruvate Dehydrogenase α1 (Ser293) Antibody



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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

| Applications: W | Reactivity: H M R Mk | Sensitivity: Endogenous | MW (kDa): 43 | Source/Isotype: Rabbit | UniProt ID: #P08559, #P29803 | Entrez-Gene Id: 5160, 5161 | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Product Usage Information | | Application Western Blotting | | Dilution 1:1000 | | | |
| Storage | | Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody. | | | | | |
| Specificity/Sensitivity | | Phospho-Pyruvate Dehydrogenase $\alpha 1$ (Ser293) Antibody recognizes endogenous levels of pyruvate dehydrogenase $\alpha 1$ protein only when phosphorylated at Ser293 residue. Based on amino acid sequence comparisons, this antibody is predicted to detect endogenous levels of pyruvate dehydrogenase $\alpha 2$ protein only when phosphorylated at Ser291 residue. | | | | | |
| Source / Purification | | Polyclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser293 of human pyruvate dehydrogenase α 1 protein. | | | | | |
| Background | | The pyruvate dehydrogenase complex catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate and CoA into acetyl-CoA and CO_2 in the presence of NAD ⁺ . Acetyl-CoA then goes into the citric acid cycle where it reacts with oxaloacetate to form citrate. The reaction of oxidative decarboxylation of pyruvate serves as a critical link between glycolysis and the citric acid cycle. In mammalian cells, the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex is located in the mitochondrial matrix (1). This complex is composed of three enzymes: pyruvate dehydrogenase (E1), dihydrolipoamide acetyltransferase (E2), and dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase (E3). Pyruvate dehydrogenase (E1) consists of two subunits: α and β . This enzyme catalyzes the removal of CO_2 from pyruvate. Mutations in the α subunits of pyruvate dehydrogenase (E1) lead to congenital defects that are usually associated with lactic acidosis, neurodegeneration, and early death (2). | | | | | |
| | | to inactivate its activit | ty (3, 4). This phospl | | nydrogenase (E1) α1 su to the tumor metaboliα | | |
| Background References | | 2. Stacpoole, P.W. et a 3. Fan, J. et al. (2014) | . Strumiło, S. (2005) <i>Acta Biochim Pol</i> 52, 759-64. . Stacpoole, P.W. et al. (2003) <i>Curr Gene Ther</i> 3, 239-45. . Fan, J. et al. (2014) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 289, 26533-41. . Chae, Y.C. et al. (2016) <i>Cancer Cell</i> 30, 257-272. | | | | |
| Species Reactiv | /ity | Species reactivity is d | etermined by testin | g in at least one appro | ved application (e.g., w | vestern blot). | |
| Western Blot Buffer | | | MPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat ry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight. | | | | |
| Applications Key | | W: Western Blotting | | | | | |
| Cross-Reactivity Key | | H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey | | | | | |
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