## 🗙 Akt1 (C73H10) Rabbit mAb





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Applications: W, W-S, IP	<b>Reactivity:</b> H M R Mk	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 60	<b>Source/Isotype:</b> Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P31749	Entrez-Gene Id: 207
Product Usage Information		<b>Application</b> Western Blotting Simple Western™ Immunoprecipitation			<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000 1:10 - 1:50 1:50	
Storage		0.02% sodium azide. St	ore at –20°C. <i>Do n</i>	), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ <i>ot aliquot the antibody.</i> sion of this product see		ol, and less than
Specificity/Sen	sitivity	For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #84505. Akt1 (C73H10) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total Akt1 protein. This antibody does not cross-react with Akt2 or Akt3.				
Source / Purific	cation	Monoclonal antibody is of human Akt1.	produced by imm	unizing animals with a s	ynthetic peptide su	rrounding Leu110
Background		Akt, also referred to as PKB or Rac, plays a critical role in controlling cell survival and apoptosis (1-3). This protein kinase is activated by insulin and various growth and survival factors to function in a wortmannin-sensitive pathway involving PI3 kinase (2,3). Akt is activated by phospholipid binding and activation loop phosphorylation at Thr308 by PDK1 (4) and by phosphorylation within the carboxy terminus at Ser473. The previously elusive PDK2 responsible for phosphorylation of Akt at Ser473 has been identified as mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) in a rapamycin-insensitive complex with rictor and Sin1 (5,6). Akt promotes cell survival by inhibiting apoptosis through phosphorylation and inactivation of several targets, including Bad (7), forkhead transcription factors (8), c-Raf (9), and caspase-9. PTEN phosphatase is a major negative regulator of the PI3K/Akt signaling pathway (10). LY294002 is a specific PI3 kinase inhibitor (11). Another essential Akt function is the regulation of glycogen synthesis through phosphorylation and inactivation of GSK-3 $\alpha$ and $\beta$ (12,13). Akt may also play a role in insulin stimulation of glucose transport (12). In addition to its role in survival and glycogen synthesis, Akt is involved in cell cycle regulation by preventing GSK-3 $\beta$ -mediated phosphorylation and degradation of cyclin D1 (14) and by negatively regulating the cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitors p27 Kip1 (15) and p21 Waf1/Cip1 (16). Akt also plays a critical role in cell growth by directly phosphorylating mTOR in a rapamycin-sensitive complex containing raptor (17). More importantly, Akt phosphorylates and inactivates tuberin (TSC2), an inhibitor of mTOR within the mTOR-raptor complex (18,19).			unction in a ipid binding and the carboxy kt at Ser473 has complex with horylation and Raf (9), and pathway (10). egulation of b. Akt may also vival and ated yclin-dependent cell growth by 7). More	

Background References	<ol> <li>Franke, T.F. et al. (1997) <i>Cell</i> 88, 435-7.</li> <li>Burgering, B.M. and Coffer, P.J. (1995) <i>Nature</i> 376, 599-602.</li> <li>Franke, T.F. et al. (1995) <i>Cell</i> 81, 727-36.</li> <li>Alessi, D.R. et al. (1996) <i>EMBO J</i> 15, 6541-51.</li> <li>Sarbassov, D.D. et al. (2005) <i>Science</i> 307, 1098-101.</li> <li>Jacinto, E. et al. (2006) <i>Cell</i> 127, 125-37.</li> <li>Cardone, M.H. et al. (1999) <i>Cell</i> 96, 857-68.</li> <li>Zimmermann, S. and Moelling, K. (1999) <i>Science</i> 286, 1741-4.</li> <li>Cantley, L.C. and Neel, B.G. (1999) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci USA</i> 96, 4240-5.</li> <li>Vlahos, C.J. et al. (2001) <i>FEBS Lett</i> 492, 199-203.</li> <li>Cross, D.A. et al. (1995) <i>Mature</i> 378, 785-9.</li> <li>Diehl, J.A. et al. (2000) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 275, 39223-30.</li> <li>Gesbert, F. et al. (2001) <i>Nat Cell Biol</i> 3, 245-52.</li> <li>Navé, B.T. et al. (2002) <i>Nat Cell Biol</i> 4, 648-57.</li> <li>Manning, B.D. et al. (2002) <i>Mol Cell</i> 10, 151-62.</li> </ol>			
Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).			
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.			
Applications Key	W: Western Blotting W-S: Simple Western™ IP: Immunoprecipitation			
Cross-Reactivity Key	H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey			
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