Phospho-Chk2 (Thr68) (C13C1) Rabbit mAb



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0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody. For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #28130. Specificity/Sensitivity Phospho-Chk2 (Thr68) (C13C1) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of Chk2 only when phosphorylated at Thr68. Non-specific staining of mitotic cells was observed by immunohisto Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr68 of human Chk2. Chk2 is the mammalian orthologue of the budding yeast Rad53 and fission yeast Cds1 checkge kinases (1-3). The amino-terminal domain of Chk2 contains a series of seven serine or threoning residues (Ser19, Thr26, Ser28, Ser33, Ser35, Ser50, and Thr68) each followed by glutamine (Sc motif). These are known to be preferred sites for phosphorylation by ATM/ATR kinases (4,5). Adamage by ionizing radiation (IR), UV irradiation, or hydroxyurea treatment, Thr68 and other this region become phosphorylated by ATM/ATR (5-7). The SQ/TQ cluster domain, therefore, shave a regulatory function. Phosphorylation at Thr68 is a prerequisite for the subsequent actistep, which is attributable to autophosphorylation of Chk2 at residues Thr383 and Thr387 in tactivation loop of the kinase domain (8). Background References 1. Allen, J.B. et al. (1994) Genes Dev. 8, 2401-2415. 2. Weinert, T.A. et al. (1994) Genes Dev. 8, 652-665. 3. Murakami, H. and Okayama, H. (1995) Nature 374, 817-819. 4. Kastan, M.B. and Lim, D.S. (2000) Proc. Natl. Acid. Sci. USA 97, 10389-10394. 6. Melchionna, R. et al. (2000) Proc. Natl. Acid. Sci. USA 97, 10389-10394. 6. Melchionna, R. et al. (2000) Cancer Res. 60, 5934-5936. 8. Lee, C.H. and Chung, J.H. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 276, 30537-30541.	Applications: W, W-S, IP, IHC-P	Reactivity: H	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 62	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #O96017	Entrez-Gene Id: 11200
Information Western Blotting Simple Western™ 1:50 - 1:250 Immunoprecipitation Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) Storage Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and let 0.02% sodium azide. Store at −20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody. For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #28130. Specificity/Sensitivity Phospho-Chk2 (Thr68) (C13C1) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of Chk2 only when phosphorylated at Thr68. Non-specific staining of mitotic cells was observed by immunohisto Source / Purification Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr68 of human Chk2. Chk2 is the mammalian orthologue of the budding yeast Rad53 and fission yeast Cd51 checkg kinases (1-3). The amino-terminal domain of Chk2 contains a series of seven serine or threonic residues (Ser19, Thr26, Ser28, Ser33, Ser35, Ser50, and Thr68) each followed by glutamine (Sc motif). These are known to be preferred sites for phosphorylation by ATM/ATR kinases (4,5). A damage by ionizing radiation (IR), UV irradiation, or hydroxyurea treatment, Thr68 and other this region become phosphorylated by ATM/ATR (5-7). The SQ/TQ cluster domain, therefore, shave a regulatory function. Phosphorylation at Thr68 is a prerequisite for the subsequent activation loop of the kinase domain (8). Background References 1. Allen, J.B. et al. (1994) Genes Dev. 8, 2401-2415. 2. Weinert, T.A. et al. (1994) Genes Dev. 8, 652-665. 3. Murakami, H. and Okayama, H. (1995) Nature 374, 817-819. 4. Kastan, M.B. and Lim, D.S. (2000) Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell Biol. 1, 179-186. 5. Matsuoka, S. et al. (2000) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 97, 10389-10394. 6. Melchionna, R. et al. (2000) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 97, 10389-10394. 6. Melchionna, R. et al. (2000) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 97, 10389-10394. 6. Melchionna, R. et al. (2000) Cancer Res. 60, 5934-5936. 8. Lee, C.H. and Chung, J.H. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 276, 30537-30541.	Product Usage		Application Dilution				
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Western Rlot Ruffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v	Waster Black B. ff.						

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

W: Western Blotting **W-S**: Simple Western™ **IP**: Immunoprecipitation **IHC-P**: Immunohistochemistry

(Paraffin)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: Human

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