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Phospho-Rpb1 CTD (Ser7) (E2B6W) Rabbit



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Applications: W, W-S, IP, ChIP, ChIP-seq	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 250	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P24928	Entrez-Gene Id: 5430
Product Usage Information		For optimal ChIP results, use 10 μl of antibody and 10 μg of chromatin (approximately 4 x 10 ⁶ cells) per IP. This antibody has been validated using SimpleChIP [®] Enzymatic Chromatin IP Kits.				
		Application Western Blotting Simple Western™ Immunoprecipitation Chromatin IP Chromatin IP-seq			Dilution 1:1000 1:10 - 1:50 1:100 1:50 1:50	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity/Sens	sitivity	when the carboxy-tern	ninal domain (CTD)	: mAb recognizes endog heptapeptide repeat [Ty does not cross-react with	r1, Ser2, Pro3, Thr	1, Ser5, Pro6, Ser7]
Source / Purific	ation			unizing animals with a s er7 of human Rpb1 CTD		
Background		polymerase, catalyzing as substrates (1). The k (POLR2A), contains a u repeated up to 52 time repeat is subject to mu polymerase complex. If transcription with chro chromatin modifying e transcription initiation, through interactions w of RNAPII from gene p transcription factor IIH enzymes, in addition to initiation and chromati intrinsic pause site, wh point, RNAPII is unstat transcription elongatic transcription elongatic elongation complex ar to histone H3 Lys36 m (7,8). Ser2/Ser5-phospl where transcription at Ser snRNA genes, which ar coding genes. Instead box RNA processing el (11,12). Phosphorylatic of RPAP2, which depto	g the transcription of argest subunit, RN/ inique heptapeptid es in the carboxy-te- illiple post-translat Phosphorylation of pmatin remodeling enzymes and RNA p , RNAPII contains a <i>v</i> ith DNA-bound tra romoters requires d (TFIIH) (2). Phosph o histone H3 Lys4 n in structure (3,4). A here it is halted by t ble and frequently a on requires phosph on factor P-TEFb (6). nd facilitates recruit ethyltransferases, v horylated RNAPII th terminated. RNAPI orm by various CTE poptide repeat is al ement, which is reco on at Ser7 by CDK7 psphorylates Ser5, o	ti-protein complex that is of DNA into RNA using the APII subunit B1 (Rpb1), as e sequence (Tyr1,Ser2,Pri rminal domain (CTD) of ional modifications, whice the CTD during the active and nascent RNA process processing proteins to the hypophosphorylated CTI nscription factors and the phosphorylation at Ser5 medias nethyltransferases, whice for promoter escape, RI he negative elongation at aborts transcription and orylation at Ser2 by CDK . Phosphorylation at Ser2 sment of RNA splicing and which function to promo- nen transcribes the entir I dissociates from the DP D phosphatases (1).In ad so phosphorylated durin ficient transcription of si or poly-adenylated, are si found in protein-coding cognized by the Integrate during the early stages - creating a dual Ser2/Ser2 pomplex and efficient pro-	ne four ribonucleos ilso known as RNAF ro3,Thr4,Ser5,Pro6, the protein (1). This ch dictate the funct re transcription cyc ising by regulating e transcribed gene TD and is recruited ne Mediator comple by CDK7, the catal tes the recruitment h function to regul. NAPII proceeds dow factors NELF and D2 dissociates from th 9, the catalytic sub 2 creates a stable to d polyadenylation te elongation-comple e length of the gen NA and is recycled t dition to Ser2/Ser5 ng the active transco mall nuclear (sn) RN structurally differer RNAs, snRNA 3' end pro of transcription fac 7 phosphorylation i	ide triphosphates PII subunit A Ser7), which is CTD heptapeptide ional state of the le integrates the recruitment of (1). During to gene promoters ix (1). The escape ytic subunit of of RNA capping ate transcription yn the gene to an SIF (5). At this e gene. Productive unit of the positive ranscription factors, in addition batible chromatin e to the 3' end, o the phosphorylation, ription cycle. JA genes (9,10). at from protein- ain a conserved 3'- bocessing complex litates recruitment mark that

	(13-15).
Background References	 Brookes, E. and Pombo, A. (2009) <i>EMBO Rep</i> 10, 1213-9. Komarnitsky, P. et al. (2000) <i>Genes Dev</i> 14, 2452-60. Ho, C.K. and Shuman, S. (1999) <i>Mol Cell</i> 3, 405-11. Ng, H.H. et al. (2003) <i>Mol Cell</i> 11, 709-19. Cheng, B. and Price, D.H. (2007) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 282, 21901-12. Marshall, N.F. et al. (1996) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 271, 27176-83. Krogan, N.J. et al. (2003) <i>Mol Cell Biol</i> 23, 4207-18. Proudfoot, N.J. et al. (2002) <i>Cell</i> 108, 501-12. Chapman, R.D. et al. (2007) <i>Science</i> 318, 1780-2. Egloff, S. et al. (2008) <i>Biochem Soc Trans</i> 36, 590-4. Baillat, D. et al. (2005) <i>Cell</i> 123, 265-76. Akhtar, M.S. et al. (2009) <i>Mol Cell</i> 34, 387-93. Egloff, S. et al. (2010) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 285, 20564-9. Egloff, S. et al. (2012) <i>Mol Cell</i> 45, 111-22.
Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}$ 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.
Applications Key	W: Western Blotting W-S: Simple Western™ IP: Immunoprecipitation ChIP: Chromatin IP ChIP-seq: Chromatin IP-seq
Cross-Reactivity Key	H: Human M: Mouse R: Rat Mk: Monkey
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