

£12311

DNA-PKcs (3H6) Mouse mAb



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Applications: W, IHC-P, IF-IC	Reactivity: H Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 450	Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1	UniProt ID: #P78527	Entrez-Gene Id: 5591
Product Usage Information		Application Western Blotting Immunohistochemist Immunofluorescence		istry)		Dilution 1:1000 1:50 1:50
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
		For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #91865.				
Specificity/Sensitivity		DNA-PKcs (3H6) Mouse mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total DNA-PKcs protein.				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a recombinant protein fragment specific to human DNA-PKcs protein expressed in <i>E.coli</i> .				
Background		DNA-dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK) is an important factor in the repair of double-stranded breaks in DNA. Cells lacking DNA-PK or in which DNA-PK is inhibited fail to show proper nonhomologous end-joining (NHEJ) (1-7). DNA-PK is composed of two DNA-binding subunits (Ku70 and Ku86) and one 450 kDa catalytic subunit (DNA-PKcs) (8). It is thought that a heterodimer of Ku70 and Ku86 binds to double-stranded DNA broken ends before DNA-PKcs binds and is activated (1,9). Activated DNA-PKcs is a serine/threonine kinase that has been shown to phosphorylate a number of proteins <i>in vitro</i> , including p53, transcription factors, RNA polymerase, and Ku70/Ku86 (10,11). DNA-PKcs autophosphorylation at multiple sites, including Thr2609 and Ser2056, results in an inactivation of DNA-PK kinase activity and NHEJ ability (12,13). It has been demonstrated, however, that DNA-PK preferentially phosphorylates substrates before it autophosphorylates, suggesting that DNA-PK autophosphorylation may play a role in disassembly of the DNA repair machinery (14,15). Autophosphorylation at Thr2609 has also been shown to be required for DNA-PK-mediated double-strand break repair, and phosphorylated DNA-PK co-localizes with H2A.X and 53BP1 at sites of DNA damage (16). Phosphorylation at Ser2056 occurs in response to double-stranded DNA breaks and ATM activation (17).				
Background References		 Gottlieb, T.M. and Jackson, S.P. (1993) <i>Cell</i> 72, 131-42. Hartley, K.O. et al. (1995) <i>Cell</i> 82, 849-56. Rosenzweig, K.E. et al. (1997) <i>Clin Cancer Res</i> 3, 1149-56. Jackson, S.P. and Jeggo, P.A. (1995) <i>Trends Biochem Sci</i> 20, 412-5. Roth, D.B. et al. (1995) <i>Curr Biol</i> 5, 496-9. Baumann, P. and West, S.C. (1998) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A</i> 95, 14066-70. Chen, S. et al. (2001) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 276, 24323-30. Jeggo, P.A. (1997) <i>Mutat Res</i> 384, 1-14. Suwa, A. et al. (1994) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A</i> 91, 6904-8. Anderson, C.W. and Lees-Miller, S.P. (1992) <i>Crit Rev Eukaryot Gene Expr</i> 2, 283-314. Kuhn, A. et al. (1995) <i>Genes Dev</i> 9, 193-203. Chan, D.W. and Lees-Miller, S.P. (1996) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 271, 8936-41. Douglas, P. et al. (2002) <i>Biochem. J.</i> 368, 243-51. Lees-Miller, S.P. et al. (1992) <i>Mol Cell Biol</i> 12, 5041-9. Jackson, S.P. et al. (1990) <i>Cell</i> 63, 155-65. Chan, D.W. et al. (2002) <i>Genes Dev</i> 16, 2333-8. Yajima, H. et al. (2009) <i>J Mol Biol</i> 385, 800-10. 				4.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4° C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key W: Western Blotting IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) IF-IC: Immunofluorescence

(Immunocytochemistry)

Cross-Reactivity Key H: Human Mk: Monkey

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